

(Reprint No. 2)

SOUTH AUSTRALIA

THE FLINDERS UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH AUSTRALIA ACT, 1966

This Act is reprinted pursuant to the Acts Republication Act, 1967, and incorporates all amendments in force as at 28 November 1991.

It should be noted that the Act was not revised (for obsolete references, etc.) by the Commissioner of Statute Revision prior to the publication of this reprint.

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THE FLINDERS UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH AUSTRALIA ACT, 1966

being

The Flinders University of South Australia Act, 1966, No. 23 of 1966 [Assented to 17 March 1966]¹

as amended by

The Flinders University of South Australia Act Amendment Act, 1966, No. 53 of 1966 [Assented to 3 November 1966]
The Flinders University of South Australia Act Amendment Act, 1973, No. 70 of 1973 [Assented to 6 December 1973]²
The Flinders University of South Australia Act Amendment Act, 1985, No. 57 of 1985 [Assented to 30 May 1985]³
Statutes Amendment and Repeal (Merger of Tertiary Institutions) Act, 1990, No. 65 of 1990 [Assented to 13 December 1990]⁴
The Flinders University of South Australia (Joint Awards) Amendment Act 1991 No. 57 of 1991 [Assented to 28 November 1991]

Note: Asterisks indicate repeal or deletion of text. For further explanation see Appendix.

An Act for the establishment and incorporation of a University to be known as “The Flinders University of South Australia” and for purposes connected therewith.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the State of South Australia, with the advice and consent of the Parliament thereof, as follows:

Short title and commencement

1. This Act may be cited as *The Flinders University of South Australia Act, 1966*, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by proclamation.

Interpretation

2. In this Act, unless some other meaning is clearly intended—

“academic staff” means all professors, readers, senior lecturers, and lecturers in the full time employment of the University and all other officers and employees of the University of such categories as are classified by the Council as categories of academic staff:

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“Convocation” means the Convocation of The Flinders University of South Australia:

“Council” means the Council of The Flinders University of South Australia:

¹Came into operation 1 July 1966: *Gaz.* 12 May 1966, p. 1887.

²Came into operation 10 January 1974: *Gaz.* 20 December 1973, p. 3336.

³Came into operation 5 December 1985: *Gaz.* 5 December 1985, p. 1690.

⁴Came into operation 1 January 1991: *Gaz.* 13 December 1990, p. 1755.

“general staff” means all persons in the full time employment of the University who are not members of the academic staff:

“graduate” of the University means a person who has been awarded by the University a degree, diploma or any other award prescribed by the statutes of the University for the purposes of this definition:

“post-graduate student” means a person enrolled at the University as a post-graduate student:

“undergraduate student” means a person enrolled at the University as an undergraduate student:

“University” means The Flinders University of South Australia established and incorporated under this Act:

“University grounds” means the lands in the municipalities of Mitcham and Marion used by The Flinders University of South Australia for purposes of education or scientific purposes, or both, and includes all roads, ways, tracks, paths, open spaces and buildings on, and appurtenances to, the said lands.

Establishment and incorporation of The Flinders University of South Australia

3. (1) There shall be established in South Australia a University to be known as “The Flinders University of South Australia”.

(2) The University shall consist of a Council, a Convocation, staff and students.

(3) The University shall be a body corporate by the name of “The Flinders University of South Australia” and by that name—

(a) shall have perpetual succession;

(b) shall adopt and have a common seal;

(c) shall sue and be sued in all courts in South Australia;

(d) shall be capable in law to take, purchase and hold all personal property whatsoever;

(e) shall be capable in law to receive, take, purchase and hold for ever not only such lands, buildings, hereditaments and possessions as may from time to time be exclusively used or occupied for the immediate requirements of the University, but also any other lands, buildings, hereditaments and possessions whatsoever, situated in South Australia or elsewhere;

(f) shall, subject to subsection (4), be capable in law to grant, demise, alienate or otherwise dispose of, all or any of the real or personal property belonging to the University; and

(g) shall be capable in law to do all other matters and things incidental or appertaining to a body corporate.

(4) The University shall not alienate, mortgage, charge, or demise any lands, tenements, or hereditaments of the University unless with the approval of the Governor except by way of lease for any term not exceeding twenty-one years from the time when the lease is made in and by which there is reserved during the whole of the term, the highest rent that can be reasonably obtained for the same.

Functions of the University

4. The functions of the University shall, within the limits of its resources, include—

(a) the provision of educational facilities at university standards for persons who being eligible to enrol seek the benefits of such facilities;

- (b) the establishment of such facilities as the University deems desirable for the provision of courses of study, whether within the University or elsewhere, for evening students, giving instruction to and the examination of external students, providing courses of study or instruction at such levels of attainment as the Council deems appropriate to meet the special requirements of industry, commerce or any other section of the community;
- (c) the dissemination of knowledge and the promotion of scholarship otherwise than as hereinbefore provided.

The Council

5. (1) The Council shall have and may exercise and discharge the powers, authorities, duties and functions conferred and imposed upon the Council by or under this Act.

(2) The governing authority of the University shall be the Council.

(3) The Council shall consist of the following members:—

- (a) the Chancellor who shall hold office as a member of the Council *ex officio*;
- (b) the Vice-Chancellor, who shall hold office as a member of the Council *ex officio*;
- (ba) the Pro-Chancellors and the Pro-Vice-Chancellors, who shall hold office as members of the Council *ex officio*;
- (c) the General Secretary of the Students Association who shall hold office as a member of the Council *ex officio*;
- (d) five members of the Parliament of South Australia appointed in accordance with this Act;
- (e) three members appointed by the Governor in accordance with this Act;
- (f) eight members of the academic staff elected by the academic staff;
- (g) one member of the general staff elected by the general staff;
- (h) four persons (not being persons in the full time employment of the University or students of the University) elected by the Convocation;
- (i) one post-graduate student (not being a person in the full time employment of the University) elected by the post-graduate students;
- (j) three undergraduate students (not being persons in the full time employment of the University) elected by the undergraduate students;

and

(k) not more than three other members co-opted by the Council in accordance with this Act.

(4) A member of the Council shall not, in the exercise of his powers or functions as such, be subject to the direction of any person or body of persons.

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Election of members of Council by Parliament

6. (1) Of the five members of the Council appointed by Parliament two shall be appointed by the Legislative Council, and three by the House of Assembly.

(2) The persons appointed to be members of the Council by each House of Parliament shall be members of that House elected by that House.

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Time of appointment and tenure of office

7. (1) At the beginning of every Parliament five members of the Council shall be appointed in the manner provided in section 6 of this Act.

(2) Upon the notification, in the manner mentioned in subsection (5) of this section, of the appointment by either House of Parliament of members as mentioned in subsection (1) of this section the members of the Council appointed by that House and then in office shall retire; but any member so appointed shall be eligible for re-appointment from time to time.

Effect of Council member ceasing to be member of Parliament

(3) In case any member of the Council appointed by either House of Parliament ceases to be a member of the House of Parliament which appointed him, otherwise than by the expiration or dissolution of Parliament, he shall thereupon cease to be a member of the Council.

(4) When a vacancy in the office of a member of the Council appointed by either House of Parliament occurs through death, resignation, or otherwise, a member to fill the vacancy shall be appointed by the House of Parliament which appointed the member whose office has become vacant. The member so appointed shall hold office for the remainder of the term of office of the person in whose place he is appointed.

President's or Speaker's notice of appointment to be conclusive

(5) A notice in writing addressed to the Chancellor, and signed by the President or Deputy President of the Legislative Council or by the Speaker or Deputy Speaker of the House of Assembly, as the case may be, certifying that the person or persons therein named has or have been appointed by Parliament a member or members of the Council, shall be conclusive evidence of the matters therein stated, and of the validity of the appointment.

Appointment of members of Council by Governor

8. Of the three members of the Council appointed by the Governor one shall be nominated by the Chamber of Commerce and Industry, South Australia, Incorporated and one shall be nominated by the United Trades and Labor Council of South Australia.

Tenure of office

9. (1) Members of the Council appointed by the Governor shall hold office for three years from the dates of their respective appointments and shall then be eligible for re-appointment.

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Tenure of office by members of Council appointed by academic staff

10. (1) Subject to this Act, a member of the Council elected by the academic staff shall hold office for a term expiring on the appointed day in the fourth year after the year in which he was elected, but shall then be eligible for re-election.

* * * * *

(5) In this section—

“the appointed day” means the day appointed by the Council for the holding of elections by the academic staff.

Tenure of office by members of Council elected by Convocation

11. (1) Subject to this Act, a member of the Council elected by the Convocation shall hold office for a term expiring on the appointed day in the fourth year after the year in which he was elected or last re-elected a member of the Council, but shall then be eligible for re-election.

* * * * *

(4) In this section—

“the appointed day” means the day appointed by the Council for the holding of elections by the Convocation.

(5) An election of members of the Council by the Convocation shall be conducted by postal ballot.

Tenure of office by member of Council elected by general staff

12. (1) Subject to this Act, a member of the Council elected by the general staff shall hold office for a term expiring on the appointed day in the second year after the year in which he was elected, but shall then be eligible for re-election.

(2) In this section—

“the appointed day” means the day appointed by the Council for the holding of elections by the general staff.

Tenure of office by member of Council elected by post-graduate or undergraduate students

13. (1) Subject to this Act, a member of the Council elected by post-graduate students, or undergraduate students, shall hold office for a term expiring on the appointed day in the year next ensuing after the year in which he was elected, but shall then be eligible for re-election.

(2) In this section—

“the appointed day” means the day appointed by the Council for the holding of elections by the post-graduate and undergraduate students.

Vacancies in membership of Council

14. (1) An act or proceeding of the Council shall not be invalid by reason of any vacancy or vacancies in its membership.

(2) The office of a member of the Council shall become vacant if—

- (a) he dies;
 - (b) his term of office expires;
 - (c) he does not continue in the capacity in which he was elected to membership of the Council;
 - (d) he resigns by notice in writing addressed to the Chancellor;
- or
- (e) he is removed from the office by the Governor on the ground of serious misconduct.

(3) Subject to this Act, a member appointed or elected to fill a casual vacancy in the membership of the Council shall hold office for the balance of the term of his predecessor, and shall at the expiration of that term be eligible for re-appointment, or re-election.

Co-option of members of Council by Council

15. Members of the Council co-opted by the Council shall hold office for three years from the dates of their respective co-options and shall then be eligible for co-option for further terms of three years.

Election of Chancellor and Vice-Chancellor

16. (1) The Council shall appoint a Chancellor whenever a vacancy occurs in that office by death, resignation, expiration of tenure, or otherwise, and shall appoint a Vice-Chancellor whenever a vacancy occurs in that office by death, resignation, expiration of tenure, or otherwise.

(2) The Council shall appoint not more than two Pro-Chancellors and not more than two Pro-Vice-Chancellors as it thinks expedient.

(3) The Chancellor shall hold office for five years, or for such other term as shall be fixed by the statutes and regulations of the University made previously to his election.

(4) Subject to subsection (5) of this section, the Vice-Chancellor shall hold office on such terms and conditions and at such salary as the Council from time to time determines.

(5) Any alteration made by the Council in the salary or the terms and conditions of the service of the Vice-Chancellor shall not, unless the Vice-Chancellor in office at the time of the alteration consents, have effect until his term of office has expired or otherwise determined.

(6) A Pro-Chancellor or a Pro-Vice-Chancellor shall hold office on such terms and conditions as the Council may from time to time determine.

Convocation

17. (1) Convocation shall consist—

- (a) of all graduates of the University;
- (b) such other persons being graduates of another University, as the Council may from time to time appoint.

(2) Convocation shall have and may exercise and discharge such powers, authorities, duties and functions as may be laid down by statutes or regulations.

(3) Convocation shall, every year, or whenever a vacancy shall occur, elect a President out of their own body.

Conduct of business in Council and Convocation

18. (1) All questions which shall come before the Council or Convocation respectively shall be decided by the majority of the members present.

(2) The Chairman at any meeting of the Council or Convocation shall have a vote, and in the case of an equality of votes, a casting vote.

(3) No question shall be decided at any meeting of the Council unless six members thereof be present, or at any meeting of Convocation unless twenty members thereof be present.

(4) At every meeting of the Council the Chancellor or, in his absence, a Pro-Chancellor shall preside as Chairman, but if neither the Chancellor nor a Pro-Chancellor is present at a meeting of the Council the members of the Council present shall elect a Chairman.

(5) At every meeting of Convocation the President shall preside as Chairman, but if the President is not present at a meeting of Convocation the members of Convocation present at the meeting shall elect a Chairman.

Management of the University

19. The Council shall have full power to appoint and dismiss all members of the academic staff, examiners, officers, and servants of the University, and shall have the entire management and superintendence over the affairs, concerns and property thereof, subject to the statutes and regulations of the University.

Delegation

19a. (1) The Council may delegate any of its powers under this Act (except this power of delegation) to any officer or employee or board or committee of the University.

(2) The delegation of powers under this section shall not derogate from the power of the Council itself to act in any matter.

Power to make statutes, regulations, etc.

20. (1) The Council shall have full power to make, alter, and repeal any statutes and regulations (so far as the same be not repugnant to any existing law or to the provisions of this Act) touching any of the following purposes, namely:—

- (i) any election;
- (ii) the discipline of the University;
- (iii) the number, stipend, and manner of appointment and dismissal of the members of the academic staff, examiners, officers, and servants of the University;
- (iv) the matriculation of students;
- (v) examinations for fellowships, scholarships, prizes, exhibitions, degrees, honours, diplomas or other awards, and the granting of the same respectively;
- (vi) the fees to be charged for matriculation, or for any examination, degree, diploma or other award and for attendance at lectures or classes and for any other purpose authorized by this Act;
- (vii) lectures or classes;
- (viii) the manner and time of convening the meetings of the Council and Convocation;
- (ix) the constitution of any degree, diploma or other award;
- (x) the admission, without examination, to degrees, diplomas or other awards which the University has power to confer, of persons who have graduated at any other University;
- (xi) residential accommodation for students;
- (xii) the affiliation to or connection with the University of any college or educational establishment with the consent of the governing body of any such college or educational establishment, and the licensing and supervision of boarding-houses intended for the reception of students, and the revocation

of the said licences except that no statute or regulation made pursuant to this paragraph shall affect the religious observances or regulations enforced in any such colleges, educational establishments, or boarding-houses;

(xiii) the constitution of such boards and committees as are considered necessary to carry out the general purposes of this Act; and

(xiv) in general, all other matters whatsoever regarding the University.

(2) No new statute or regulation or alteration or repeal of any statute or regulation including any statute or regulation continued by virtue of section 34 of this Act shall be of any force until approved by Convocation.

(3) All statutes and regulations made pursuant to this section shall be reduced into writing and shall, after the common seal of the University has been affixed thereto, be submitted to the Governor to be allowed and countersigned by him. After any statute or regulation has been allowed and countersigned by the Governor, it shall be binding upon the University and upon all candidates for degrees, diplomas or other awards to be conferred by the University, and upon all members of the academic staff, examiners, officers, graduates, diploma-holders, and servants of the University, and upon all students of the University.

(4) (i) The Council may make by-laws not inconsistent with this Act for all or any of the following purposes:—

- (a) to prohibit persons from trespassing on the University grounds;
- (b) to prevent damage to the University grounds and any fixtures, chattels, trees, shrubs, bushes, flowers, gardens and lawns on or in those grounds;
- (c) to regulate speed at which vehicles may be driven on the University grounds;
- (d) to prohibit the dangerous or careless driving of vehicles on the University grounds;
- (e) to prohibit the driving on the University grounds of vehicles the weight of which when laden exceeds the amount prescribed in the by-laws;
- (f) to prescribe the route to be followed by traffic on roads, ways or tracks within the University grounds and the specific gates which may be used for the entrance and exit of vehicles and pedestrians and to require the observance of one-way traffic rules on specific roads, ways, or tracks;
- (g) to prohibit or regulate the parking, ranking, placing and arranging of vehicles on University grounds and to empower authorized persons to remove any vehicle from the University grounds without assigning any reason;
- (h) generally to regulate traffic of all kinds on the University grounds;
- (i) to prohibit disorderly conduct or indecent language by persons on the University grounds and to empower authorized persons to remove from those grounds persons guilty of disorderly conduct or indecent language thereon;
- (j) to prohibit, restrict or regulate the consumption of alcoholic liquor on the University grounds and the bringing of alcoholic liquor on to those grounds, and to empower authorized persons to remove from the University grounds any intoxicated person and to search the University grounds and vehicles thereon for alcoholic liquor and to seize any liquor reasonably suspected of having been brought on to the University grounds contrary to any by-law;
- (k) to empower the Council to confiscate any liquor brought on to the University grounds contrary to any by-law;

- (l) to prevent persons from climbing on fences or buildings or walking over gardens or lawns on the University grounds;
- (m) to regulate the conduct of open air and indoor meetings held on the University grounds;
- (n) to prevent the interruption of lectures or meetings by noise or unseemly behaviour on the University grounds whether in or outside of buildings and to prevent undue noise from motor vehicles on the University grounds;
- (o) to prescribe fines recoverable summarily not exceeding two hundred dollars for any contravention of any by-law;
- (p) to empower the University to recover summarily compensation for any damage done to the University grounds; and
- (q) to prescribe all matters which are required by this Act to be prescribed by by-law or are otherwise necessary or convenient for giving effect to this Act.

(ii) The Council may declare in any such by-law that it shall apply to a part only of the University grounds specified therein, and it shall so apply accordingly.

(iii) In this section, "authorized person" means a person appointed by the Council to be an authorized person for the purposes of this section.

(iv) The Council may appoint any person to be an authorized person for the purposes of this section, and may, at will, revoke any such appointment.

(5) No by-law shall be made—

- (a) except at a meeting of the Council of which at least fourteen days' prior notice in writing has been sent by post to each member of the Council specifying the by-laws intended to be proposed; or
- (b) unless a majority of all the members of the Council vote at the meeting in favour of the proposed by-law.

(6) (i) Every by-law—

- (a) shall be submitted to the Governor for confirmation and shall be of no force until confirmed;
- (b) after confirmation shall be published in the *Gazette* at the expense of the University;
- (c) shall, subject to paragraph (ii) hereof, take effect from the day of that publication or from any later day fixed by the by-law; and
- (d) shall be laid before each House of Parliament within the first fourteen sitting days of that House after the said publication.

(ii) If either House of Parliament passes a resolution disallowing any by-laws of which resolution notice has been given at any time within fourteen sitting days of that House after the by-law has been laid before it the by-law shall thereupon cease to have any effect, but without affecting the validity or curing the invalidity of anything done or omitted in the meantime. This paragraph shall apply although all the fourteen sitting days, or some of them, do not occur in the same session of Parliament as that in which the by-law is laid before the House.

(iii) When a resolution has been passed as mentioned in paragraph (ii) of this subsection notice of the resolution shall forthwith be published in the *Gazette*.

(7) When a by-law has been confirmed by the Governor and published in the *Gazette* all conditions precedent to the making thereof shall be conclusively deemed to have been fulfilled.

(8) (i) The Council shall set out the substance of all its by-laws respecting traffic on a notice board at each entrance which leads directly from a road or street to the University grounds and is ordinarily used by vehicular traffic.

(ii) Failure to comply with paragraph (i) of this subsection shall not affect the validity or operation of any by-law.

(9) The provisions of section 38 of the *Acts Interpretation Act, 1915-1957*, shall not apply to by-laws made under this Act.

(10) No by-laws under this Act shall take away or restrict any liability, civil or criminal, arising under any provision of any other Act or at common law.

(11) In any proceedings for any contravention of any by-law the allegation in the complaint that any place was on the University grounds shall be *prima facie* evidence of the fact alleged.

(12) Where a contravention of any by-law made by the Council in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (4) of section 20 of this Act has been committed by any student of the University, the Council, instead of charging him with such contravention in a court of summary jurisdiction, may direct that he be charged with such contravention before such disciplinary body as may be constituted by the Council and if such disciplinary body when constituted finds that offence to be proved, it may punish the offender in any of the ways mentioned in the statute made by the Council prescribing the functions, powers and punishments of such disciplinary body.

(13) In any proceedings relating to an offence against a by-law—

(a) an allegation in a complaint that a person named in the complaint was the owner of a vehicle referred to therein on a specified day shall be deemed to be proved in the absence of proof to the contrary;

and

(b) where it is proved that a vehicle was parked in the University grounds in contravention of a by-law it shall be presumed, in the absence of proof to the contrary, that the vehicle was so parked by the owner of the vehicle.

(14) Where it is alleged that a person has committed an offence against a by-law of the University relating to vehicular traffic or the parking of motor vehicles, the Council may cause to be served personally or by post upon that person a notice to the effect that he may expiate the offence by payment to the University of an amount specified in the notice, being an amount fixed by by-law, within a time fixed by the notice, and if the offence is so expiated no proceedings shall be commenced in any court in respect to the alleged offence.

(15) Subject to the provisions of this section, and the statutes and regulations of the University, proceedings for offences against the by-laws shall be disposed of summarily.

Power to confer degrees, diplomas and other awards

21. (1) The University shall have power to confer upon any person after examination and in accordance with the statutes and regulations of the University such degrees, diplomas or other awards as may be constituted by statute or regulation.

(1a) The power of the University to confer degrees, diplomas or other awards pursuant to subsection (1) includes the power to confer degrees, diplomas or other awards jointly with any other university.

(2) The University shall have power, without examination, but in accordance with the statutes and regulations of the University, to admit to degrees, diplomas or other awards which the University has power to confer, persons who have graduated at any other University.

(3) The University shall have power to admit any person *honoris causa* to any degree, whether or not he has graduated at a University.

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No religious test to be administered

23. No religious test shall be administered to any person in order to entitle him to be admitted as a student of the University, or to hold office therein, or to graduate thereat, or to hold any advantage or privilege thereof.

Governor to be visitor

24. The Governor shall be the visitor of the University and shall have authority to do all things which appertain to visitors as often as to him shall seem meet.

Payments annually by Treasurer for establishment and maintenance of University

25. In every financial year there shall be paid to the University out of moneys provided by Parliament for the purpose such sums as the Treasurer thinks necessary for the purpose of—

- (a) formation of grounds, erection of buildings, purchase of equipment and other expenses in relation to the University;
- (b) maintaining the University;
- (c) paying the salaries of academic staff, examiners, officers and servants of the University;
- (d) defraying the expenses of fellowships, scholarships, prizes and exhibitions awarded for encouragement of students in the University;
- (e) providing a library; and
- (f) discharging all necessary charges connected with the management of the University.

Borrowings by Council

26. (1) Subject to this Act, the Council may—

- (a) borrow money at interest by way of mortgage, bank overdraft or otherwise—
 - (i) for the purpose of carrying out or performing any of its powers, authorities, duties and functions; and
 - (ii) for the repayment or partial repayment of any sum previously borrowed,
 within such limits and upon such conditions as the Governor upon the recommendation of the Treasurer may from time to time approve; and
- (b) mortgage, charge or enter into any other transaction for making any of its property security for any such loan.

(2) Any moneys of the University may be invested by the Council from time to time in any manner of investment authorized by the Council (whether an authorized trustee investment or otherwise).

Annual report

27. (1) The Council shall, during the month of June in every year, present to the Governor a report of the proceedings of the University during the previous year.

(2) The report shall contain a full account of the income and expenditure of the University, audited in such manner as the Governor may direct.

(3) A copy of every report made pursuant to this section, and of every statute and regulation of the University allowed by the Governor pursuant to this Act, shall be laid in every year before Parliament.

University to be exempt from land tax

28. Notwithstanding anything contained to the contrary in any Act or any rules or regulations made thereunder, all land in respect of which the University, or any person as trustee therefor, would, but for this section, be liable to pay tax to the State of South Australia, shall be exempt from taxation by the said State.

Transitional provisions—vesting of property

29. (1) All real and personal property which was vested in the University of Adelaide and held or used by the University of Adelaide for the purpose of its activities at Bedford Park shall by virtue of this Act be divested from the University of Adelaide and shall vest in the University.

(2) For the purpose of giving effect to subsection (1) of this section the Registrar-General shall upon the application of the Council of the University make all necessary entries in the Register Book.

(3) All property vested in the University by this section shall be held by it subject to the conditions or trusts on which it was held immediately before such vesting save that any reference in any such conditions or trusts to the University of Adelaide shall be read and construed as a reference to the University.

(4) All rights accruing or accrued to the University of Adelaide in respect of any property vested in the University by operation of this section are hereby vested in the University and shall be the rights of the University.

(5) All liabilities of the University of Adelaide in respect of any property vested in the University by operation of this section shall be the liabilities of the University.

Jurisdiction of Industrial Commission

30. Notwithstanding any Act or law to the contrary, the Industrial Commission of South Australia has and may exercise in relation to the officers and employees of the University any jurisdiction conferred on it by the *Industrial Conciliation and Arbitration Act, 1972*.

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APPENDIX

Legislative History

Legislative history prior to 3 February 1976 appears in marginal notes and footnotes included in the consolidation of this Act contained in Volume 4 of The Public General Acts of South Australia 1837-1975 at page 248.

Section 2:	definition of "ancillary staff" repealed by 57, 1985, s. 3(a) definition of "general staff" inserted by 57, 1985, s. 3(b) definition of "graduate" inserted by 65, 1990, s. 46
Section 3(2):	amended by 57, 1985, s. 4
Section 5(3):	amended by 57, 1985, s. 5
Section 6(2):	substituted by 57, 1985, s. 6
Section 6(3):	repealed by 57, 1985, s. 6
Section 7(1):	amended by 57, 1985, s. 7
Section 10(2) - (4):	repealed by 57, 1985, s. 8
Section 11(2) and (3):	repealed by 57, 1985, s. 9
Section 12:	amended by 57, 1985, s. 10
Section 16(2):	amended by 57, 1985, s. 11
Section 17(1):	amended by 65, 1990, s. 47
Section 18(4):	substituted by 57, 1985, s. 12
Section 18(5):	inserted by 57, 1985, s. 12
Section 19a(1):	amended by 57, 1985, s. 13
Section 20(1):	amended by 65, 1990, s. 48; 57, 1991, s. 2(a)
Section 20(2):	amended by 57, 1985, s. 14(a)
Section 20(3):	amended by 57, 1991, s. 2(b)
Section 20(4):	amended by 57, 1985, s. 14(b)
Section 21(1):	amended by 57, 1991, s. 3(a)
Section 21(1a):	inserted by 57, 1991, s. 3(b)
Section 21(2):	amended by 57, 1991, s. 3(c)
Section 22:	repealed by 57, 1985, s. 15
Section 30:	amended by 57, 1985, s. 16; substituted by 65, 1990, s. 49