

South Australia

Public and Environmental Health (Cervical Cancer Screening) Regulations 1993

under the *Public and Environmental Health Act 1987*

Contents

- 1 Short title
- 2 Commencement
- 3 Interpretation
- 4 Notification of cytology and biopsy results

Legislative history

1—Short title

These regulations may be cited as the *Public and Environmental Health (Cervical Cancer Screening) Regulations 1993*.

2—Commencement

These regulations will come into operation four months after the day on which they are made (see *Subordinate Legislation Act 1978* section 10AA).

3—Interpretation

In these regulations, unless the contrary intention appears—

cervical biopsy specimen means a uterine cervical biopsy specimen;

cervical smear means a smear of the uterine cervix;

laboratory request form means a form submitted to a pathology laboratory by or on behalf of a medical practitioner requesting the laboratory to perform tests on a cervical smear, vaginal smear or cervical biopsy specimen;

pathology laboratory includes a branch pathology laboratory;

vaginal smear means a smear of the vaginal mucosa.

4—Notification of cytology and biopsy results

- (1) A person who is in charge of a pathology laboratory must, as soon as practicable after a test on a cervical smear, vaginal smear or cervical biopsy specimen is performed at the laboratory, provide or cause to be provided to the Council the following information:
 - (a) the full name, date of birth, residential address and Medicare number of the person from whom the smear or biopsy specimen was taken; and
 - (b) the full name and business address of the medical practitioner who requested the laboratory to perform the test; and

- (c) the date shown on the laboratory request form; and
 - (d) the results of the cytology or biopsy test and the recommendations of the pathologist responsible for the test; and
 - (e) the name of the laboratory at which the test was performed; and
 - (f) the slide or specimen number assigned to the test by the laboratory.
- (2) Subregulation (1) does not require a person to provide to the Council—
- (a) information of a kind referred to in subregulation (1)(a) where a medical practitioner indicates on the laboratory request form that the information is not to be released by the laboratory; or
 - (b) information of a kind referred to in subregulation (1)(a) or (b) where the information is not provided on the laboratory request form.

Legislative history

Notes

- For further information relating to the Act and subordinate legislation made under the Act see the Index of South Australian Statutes.

Revocation of regulations

The *Public and Environmental Health (Cervical Cancer Screening) Regulations 1993* were revoked by Sch 1 of the *Public and Environmental Health (Cervical and Related Cancer Screening) Regulations 2006* on 3.7.2006.

Principal regulations

Year	No	Reference	Commencement
1993	12	<i>Gazette 18.2.1993 p626</i>	18.6.1993: r 2