House of Assembly—No 55

As laid on the table and read a first time, 3 June 2020

South Australia

Statutes Amendment (Intervention Orders and Penalties) Bill 2020

A BILL FOR

An Act to amend the *Intervention Orders (Prevention of Abuse) Act 2009* and the *Sentencing Act 2017*.

Contents

Part 1—Preliminary

- 1 Short title
- 2 Amendment provisions

Part 2—Amendment of Intervention Orders (Prevention of Abuse) Act 2009

3 Amendment of section 31—Contravention of intervention order

Part 3—Amendment of Sentencing Act 2017

4 Amendment of section 52—Interpretation and application

The Parliament of South Australia enacts as follows:

Part 1—Preliminary

1—Short title

5

10

15

20

This Act may be cited as the *Statutes Amendment (Intervention Orders and Penalties) Act* 2020.

2—Amendment provisions

In this Act, a provision under a heading referring to the amendment of a specified Act amends the Act so specified.

Part 2—Amendment of Intervention Orders (Prevention of Abuse) Act 2009

3—Amendment of section 31—Contravention of intervention order

- (1) Section 31(1), penalty provision—delete the penalty provision and substitute: Maximum penalty: \$2 000 or imprisonment for 2 years.
- (2) Section 31(1), expiation fee—delete the expiation fee
- (3) Section 31(2), penalty provision—delete the penalty provision and substitute: Maximum penalty:
 - (a) in the case of a basic offence—imprisonment for 5 years;
 - (b) in the case of an aggravated offence—imprisonment for 7 years.
- (4) Section 31(2aa), penalty provision—delete the penalty provision and substitute:

 Maximum penalty:
 - (a) in the case of a basic offence—imprisonment for 10 years;
 - (b) in the case of an aggravated offence—imprisonment for 12 years.

2

- (5) Section 31—after subsection (4) insert:
 - (5) For the purposes of this section, an aggravated offence is an offence committed in 1 or more of the following circumstances:
 - (a) the offender knew or suspected, or ought reasonably to have known or suspected, that there was a reasonable likelihood that a child would see, hear or otherwise be exposed to the conduct constituting the offence or to any effects of that conduct:
 - (b) the offender, in the course of committing the offence, threatened to restrict a person's access to the person's child.
 - (6) If a person is charged with an aggravated offence under this section, the circumstances alleged to aggravate the offence must be stated in the instrument of charge.
 - (7) In this section—

basic offence—where a subsection differentiates between the penalty for an aggravated offence and the penalty for a basic offence, the reference to a basic offence is a reference to the offence in its non-aggravated form.

Part 3—Amendment of Sentencing Act 2017

4—Amendment of section 52—Interpretation and application

Section 52(1), definition of *serious offence*—after paragraph (g) insert:

(ga) an offence against section 31(2aa)(b) of the *Intervention Orders* (*Prevention of Abuse*) Act 2009; or

10

5

15