South Australia

Statutes Amendment (Serious and Organised Crime) Bill 2015

A BILL FOR

An Act to amend the *Criminal Law Consolidation Act 1935*; the *Liquor Licensing Act 1997* and the *Summary Offences Act 1953*; and for other purposes.

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1 Short title

2 Organisations declared to be declared criminal organisations

The Parliament of South Australia enacts as follows:

Part 1—Preliminary

1—Short title

This Act may be cited as the *Statutes Amendment (Serious and Organised Crime) Act* 2015.

2—Commencement

This Act will come into operation on a day to be fixed by proclamation.

3—Amendment provisions

In this Act, a provision under a heading referring to the amendment of a specified Act amends the Act so specified.

Part 2—Amendment of Criminal Law Consolidation Act 1935

4—Amendment of section 5—Interpretation

(1) Section 5(1)—after "In this Act" insert:

, unless the contrary intention appears

(2) Section 5(1), definition of *criminal organisation*—after "Part 3B" insert:

Division 1

5—Insertion of heading to Part 3B Division 1

Before section 83D insert:

Division 1—Participation in criminal organisation

20 6—Amendment of section 83D—Interpretation

(1) Section 83D(1)—delete "Part" first occurring and substitute:

Division

(2) Section 83D(2)—delete "Part" and substitute:

Division

25 7—Amendment of section 83G—Evidentiary

Section 83G(1)—delete "Part" and substitute:

Division

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8—Insertion of Part 3B Division 2

After section 83G insert:

	on 2— events	Public	places, prescribed places and prescribed
83GA	—Preli	minary	,
(1)	In this	Division	, unless the contrary intention appears—
			ns a finding of guilt by a court, or the acceptance of a y a court, whether or not a conviction is recorded;
	crimina	al organ	<i>isation</i> means—
	(a)	an orga	anisation of 3 or more persons—
		(i)	who have as their purpose, or 1 of their purposes, engaging in, organising, planning, facilitating, supporting, or otherwise conspiring to engage in, serious criminal activity; and
		(ii)	who, by their association, represent an unacceptable risk to the safety, welfare or order of the community; or
	(b)		red organisation within the meaning of the Serious ganised Crime (Control) Act 2008; or
	(c)	an enti organis	ty declared by regulation to be a criminal sation;
			organisation, includes an associate member, or mber, however described;
	partici	<i>pant</i> , in a	a criminal organisation, means—
	(a)		rganisation is a body corporate—a director or officer body corporate; or
	(b)	way) a	on who (whether by words or conduct, or in any other sserts, declares or advertises his or her membership association with, the organisation; or
	(c)	way) s	on who (whether by words or conduct, or in any other eeks to be a member of, or to be associated with, the sation; or
	(d)	-	on who attends more than 1 meeting or gathering of s who participate in the affairs of the organisation in by; or
	(e)	-	on who takes part in the affairs of the organisation in ner way,
	but doe	es not inc	clude a lawyer acting in a professional capacity;
	-	<i>bed even</i> bed even	<i>t</i> means an event declared by regulation to be a t;

prescribed place means a place declared by regulation to be a prescribed place;

public place means—

5		(a)	a place, or part of a place, that the public is entitled to use, is open to members of the public or is used by the public, whether or not on payment of money; or
		(b)	a place, or part of a place, the occupier of which allows, whether or not on payment of money, members of the public to enter;
10		includes includin	a person, to become a participant in a criminal organisation, s counsel, procure, solicit, incite and induce the person, g by promoting the organisation, to become a participant in misation;
15			<i>criminal activity</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Serious and</i> <i>ied Crime (Control) Act 2008.</i>
	(2)	criminal	vernor may only make a regulation declaring an entity to be a l organisation for the purposes of paragraph (c) the definition <i>inal organisation</i> in subsection (1) on the recommendation of ister.
20	(3)		nister may, in deciding whether to make recommendation for poses of subsection (2), have regard to the following matters:
		(a)	any information suggesting a link exists between the entity and serious criminal activity;
		(b)	any convictions recorded in relation to-
25			(i) current or former participants in the entity; or
			(ii) persons who associate, or have associated, with participants in the entity;
30		(c)	any information suggesting current or former participants in the entity have been, or are, involved in serious criminal activity (whether directly or indirectly and whether or not the involvement has resulted in any convictions);
35		(d)	any information suggesting participants in an interstate or overseas chapter or branch (however described) of the entity have as their purpose, or 1 of their purposes, organising, planning, facilitating, supporting or engaging in serious criminal activity;
		(e)	any other matter the Minister considers relevant.
40	(4)	declarin	avoidance of doubt, nothing prevents the regulations g as a criminal organisation an entity that is, at the time of aration, based interstate or overseas and not operating in this
	(5)	-	ge in the name or membership of a criminal organisation does ct its status as a criminal organisation.

(6)	If the members of a criminal organisation (the <i>original organisation</i>)
	substantially re-form themselves into another organisation, that
	organisation is taken to form a part of the original organisation
	(whether or not the original organisation is dissolved).

83GB—Participants in criminal organisation being knowingly present in public places

(1) Any person who is a participant in a criminal organisation and is knowingly present in a public place with 2 or more other persons who are participants in a criminal organisation commits an offence.

Maximum penalty: Imprisonment for 3 years.

(2) It is a defence to a charge of an offence against subsection (1) for the defendant to prove that the criminal organisation in which it is alleged that the defendant is a participant is not an organisation that has, as 1 of its purposes, the purpose of engaging in, or conspiring to engage in, criminal activity.

83GC—Participants in criminal organisation entering prescribed places and attending prescribed events

Any person who is a participant in a criminal organisation and enters, or attempts to enter, a prescribed place commits an offence.

Maximum penalty: Imprisonment for 3 years.

- (2) Any person who is a participant in a criminal organisation and attends, or attempts to attend, a prescribed event commits an offence. Maximum penalty: Imprisonment for 3 years.
- (3) It is a defence to a charge of an offence against subsection (1) or (2) to prove that the criminal organisation is not an organisation that has, as 1 of its purposes, the purpose of engaging in, or conspiring to engage in, criminal activity.

83GD—Participants in criminal organisation recruiting persons to become participants in the organisation

(1) Any person who is a participant in a criminal organisation and recruits, or attempts to recruit, anyone to become a participant in a criminal organisation commits an offence.

Maximum penalty: Imprisonment for 3 years.

- (2) It is a defence to a charge of an offence against subsection (1) to prove that the criminal organisation in which it is alleged that the defendant is a participant is not an organisation that has, as 1 of its purposes, the purpose of engaging in, or conspiring to engage in, criminal activity.
- (3) This section does not apply in relation to a declared organisation within the meaning of the *Serious and Organised Crime (Control) Act 2008.*

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83GE—Sentencing

	(1)	Subject to subsection (2), but despite any other Act or law, the following provisions apply to the sentencing of a person for an offence under this Division:
5		(a) a sentence of imprisonment must be imposed on the person;
		(b) the sentence of imprisonment cannot be suspended;
		 (c) sections 17 and 18 of the <i>Criminal Law (Sentencing)</i> <i>Act 1988</i> do not apply;
10		 (d) section 18A(1) of the <i>Criminal Law (Sentencing) Act 1988</i> does not apply (but nothing in this subsection affects the operation of that section in respect of other offences for which the person is being sentenced).
15	(2)	A court sentencing a person for an offence under this Division may declare that subsection (1), in whole or part, does not apply to the person if he or she satisfies the court, by evidence given on oath, that exceptional circumstances exist in the particular case.
	(3)	If a court finds that exceptional circumstances exist for the purposes of subsection (2), the court must give written reasons for so finding.
20	(4)	If a court is required to fix a non-parole period in relation to the sentencing of a person for an offence under this Division—
25		 (a) the standard non-parole period must be taken into account by the court in determining the appropriate sentence (without limiting the matters that are otherwise required or permitted to be taken into account in determining the appropriate sentence); and
		(b) if the court fixes a non-parole period that is longer or shorter than the standard non-parole period, the court must make a record of its reasons for so doing and must identify in the record of its reasons each factor that it took into account.
30 35	(5)	A requirement under subsection (4)(b) for a court to make a record of reasons for fixing a non-parole period that is longer or shorter than a standard non-parole period does not require the court to identify the extent to which the seriousness of the offence for which the non-parole period is set differs from that of an offence to which the standard non-parole period is referable.
	(6)	A failure of a court to comply with subsection (4) does not invalidate a sentence.
	(7)	In this section, standard non-parole period—
		(a) is 9 months; and
40		(b) represents the non-parole period for an offence, being a first offence, in the middle of the range of objective seriousness for offences in this Division.

83GF—Evidentiary

- (1) If, in any criminal proceedings, the court is satisfied beyond reasonable doubt that a particular organisation was, at a particular time, a criminal organisation within the meaning of paragraph (a) of the definition of *criminal organisation* in section 83GA(1), the court may, on the application of the Director of Public Prosecutions, make a declaration to that effect.
- (2) If a declaration is made in relation to an organisation under subsection (1), then that organisation will, for the purposes of any subsequent criminal proceedings, be taken to be a criminal organisation (within the meaning of paragraph (a) of the definition of *criminal organisation* in section 83GA(1)) in the absence of proof to the contrary.

Part 3—Amendment of Liquor Licensing Act 1997

15 9—Insertion of Part 7B

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After section 117A insert:

Part 7B—Offences relating to criminal organisations

117B—Preliminary

20	(1)	In this I	Part—	
				<i>al organisation</i> means an entity declared by a declared criminal organisation;
		-		means an item of clothing or jewellery or an isplays—
25		(a)	the nam	e of a declared criminal organisation; or
		(b)		patch, insignia or logo of a declared criminal ation; or
			Note—	
30				The things mentioned in paragraph (b) are also known as the " <i>colours</i> " of the organisation.
		(c)	writing	age, symbol, abbreviation, acronym or other form of that indicates membership of, or an association with, red criminal organisation, including—
			(i)	the symbol " <i>1%</i> "; and
35			(ii)	the symbol " <i>I%er</i> "; and
			(iii)	any other image, symbol, abbreviation, acronym or other form of writing prescribed by regulation for the purposes of this definition.

	r	egulation	in the name or membership of an organisation declared by n to be a declared criminal organisation does not affect the ion's status as a declared criminal organisation.
5	() 2 ()	leclared of mother of leclared of	mbers of an organisation declared by regulation to be a criminal organisation substantially re-form themselves into rganisation, that organisation is taken to form a part of the criminal organisation (whether or not the declared criminal ion is dissolved).
10	c t	leclaring	voidance of doubt, nothing prevents the regulations as a criminal organisation an entity that is, at the time of ration, based interstate or overseas and not operating in this
	117C—	Exclusi	on of persons wearing or carrying prohibited
	ite	ms	
15	v		wing persons must not knowingly allow a person who is or carrying a prohibited item to enter or remain in licensed
		(a) t	he licensee for the premises;
		(b) t	he responsible person for the premises;
20			in employee or agent of the licensee or responsible person working at the premises.
	N	Maximun	n penalty: \$10 000.
			g and remaining in licensed premises wearing or a prohibited item
25		-	must not enter or remain in licensed premises if the person g or carrying a prohibited item.
	ľ	Maximun	n penalty:
		(a) F	For a first offence—\$25 000;
30			For a second offence—\$50 000 or imprisonment for 5 months;
		. ,	For a third or subsequent offence—\$100 000 or mprisonment for 18 months.
		Remova om pren	al of person wearing or carrying prohibited item nises
35	s I	ı prohibit	orised person requires a person who is wearing or carrying red item (the " <i>prohibited person</i> ") to leave licensed the prohibited person must immediately leave the
	Ν	Maximun	n penalty:
40		(a) F	For a first offence—\$25 000;

- (b) For a second offence—\$50 000 or imprisonment for 6 months;
- (c) For a third or subsequent offence—\$100 000 or imprisonment for 18 months.
- (2) If a prohibited person fails to leave when required under subsection (1), an authorised person may use necessary and reasonable force to remove the person.
- (3) A prohibited person must not resist an authorised person who is removing the person under subsection (2).

Maximum penalty:

- (a) For a first offence—\$50 000 or imprisonment for 6 months;
- (b) For a second or subsequent offence—\$100 000 or imprisonment for 18 months.

Part 4—Amendment of Summary Offences Act 1953

15 **10—Substitution of section 13**

Section 13—delete the section and substitute:

13—Consorting

(1)	A person who-
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	(a)	habitually consorts with convicted offenders (whether in this State or elsewhere); and
	(b)	consorts in this State with those convicted offenders after having been given an official warning in relation to each of those convicted offenders,
	is guilt	y of an offence.
	Maxim	um penalty: Imprisonment for 2 years.
(2)	-	on does not habitually consort with convicted offenders for the es of this section unless—
	(a)	the person consorts with at least 2 convicted offenders (whether on the same or separate occasions); and
	(b)	the person consorts with each convicted offender on at least 2 occasions.
(3)	purpos	lowing forms of consorting are to be disregarded for the es of this section if the defendant satisfies the court that the ting was reasonable in the circumstances:
	(a)	consorting with family members;
	(b)	consorting that occurs in the course of lawful employment or the lawful operation of a business;
	(c)	consorting that occurs in the course of training or education;

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		(d)	consorting that occurs in the course of the provision of a health service;
		(e)	consorting that occurs in the course of the provision of legal advice;
5		(f)	consorting that occurs in lawful custody or in the course of complying with a court order.
	(4)	In this	section—
			t means consort in person or by any other means, including by nic or other form of communication;
10			<i>ed offender</i> means a person who has been convicted of an ble offence;
		State, c	<i>conding law</i> means a law of the Commonwealth, another or a Territory that is prescribed by regulation for the purposes definition;
15		official	warning means—
		(a)	a warning given by a police officer (orally or in writing) that—
			(i) a convicted offender is a convicted offender; and
20			(ii) consorting with a convicted offender is an offence; or
		(b)	a warning or other notification given under a corresponding law.
	11—Amendment of s prohibition notion		66A—Senior police officer may issue consorting
25	(1) Section $66A(1)(a)$	ı)—dele	ete paragraph (a) and substitute:
	(a)	the spe	cified person or each specified person—
		(i)	has, within the preceding period of 3 years, been found guilty of 1 or more prescribed offences; or
30		(ii)	is reasonably suspected of having committed 1 or more prescribed offences within the preceding period of 3 years; and
	(2) Section 66A(3)-	-delete	subsection (3)
	Dort 5 Dogulati	one	
	Part 5—Regulation	0115	

12—Preliminary

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The *Subordinate Legislation Act 1978* does not apply in relation to a regulation made pursuant to this Part.

13—Making of Criminal Law Consolidation (Criminal Organisations) Regulations 2015

- (1) Schedule 1 has effect to make the *Criminal Law Consolidation (Criminal Organisations) Regulations 2015* (set out in Schedule 1) as regulations under the *Criminal Law Consolidation Act 1935*.
- (2) To remove any doubt, it is declared that the *Criminal Law Consolidation (Criminal Organisations) Regulations 2015*, on the commencement of Schedule 1, stop being a provision of this Act and become regulations made under the *Criminal Law Consolidation Act 1935*.

10 **14—Making of** Liquor Licensing (Declared Criminal Organisations) Regulations 2015

- (1) Schedule 2 has effect to make the *Liquor Licensing (Declared Criminal Organisations) Regulations 2015* (set out in Schedule 2) as regulations under the *Liquor Licensing Act 1997*.
- (2) To remove any doubt, it is declared that the *Liquor Licensing (Declared Criminal Organisations) Regulations 2015*, on the commencement of Schedule 2, stop being a provision of this Act and become regulations made under the *Liquor Licensing Act 1997*.

Schedule 1—Criminal Law Consolidation (Criminal Organisations) Regulations 2015

1—Short title

These regulations may be cited as the *Criminal Law Consolidation (Criminal Organisations) Regulations 2015.*

2-Organisations declared to be criminal organisations-section 83GA

For the purposes of paragraph (c) of the definition of *criminal organisation* in section 83GA(1) of the Act, the following entities are declared to be criminal organisations:

- (a) the motorcycle club known as the Bandidos;
- (b) the motorcycle club known as the Black Uhlans;
- (c) the motorcycle club known as the Coffin Cheaters;
- (d) the motorcycle club known as the Commancheros;
- (e) the motorcycle club known as the Descendants;
- (f) the motorcycle club known as the Finks;
- (g) the motorcycle club known as the Fourth Reich;
- (h) the motorcycle club known as the Gladiators;
- (i) the motorcycle club known as the Gypsy Jokers;
- (j) the motorcycle club known as the Hells Angels;
- (k) the motorcycle club known as the Highway 61;

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- (l) the motorcycle club known as the Iron Horsemen;
- (m) the motorcycle club known as the Life and Death;
- (n) the motorcycle club known as the Lone Wolf;
- (o) the motorcycle club known as the Mobshitters;
- (p) the motorcycle club known as the Mongols;
- (q) the motorcycle club known as the Muslim Brotherhood Movement;
- (r) the motorcycle club known as the Nomads;
- (s) the motor cycle club known as the Notorious;
- (t) the motorcycle club known as the Odins Warriors;
- (u) the motorcycle club known as the Outcasts;
- (v) the motorcycle club known as the Outlaws;
- (w) the motorcycle club known as the Phoenix;
- (x) the motorcycle club known as the Rebels;
- (y) the motorcycle club known as the Red Devils;
- (z) the motorcycle club known as the Renegades;
- (za) the motorcycle club known as the Scorpions.

3—Places declared to be prescribed places—section 83GA

For the purposes of the definition of *prescribed place* in section 83GA(1) of the Act, the following places are declared to be prescribed places:

- (a) 7 Barfield Crescent, Edinburgh North;
- (b) 16 Dewer Avenue, Ridgehaven;
- (c) 5 Keith Street, Whyalla;
- (d) 117 Senate Road, Port Pirie West;
- (e) 19 Jacobs Street, Whyalla Norrie;
- (f) 864 Bowaka Road, Reedy Creek;
- (g) 2a Albert Street, Clarence Gardens;
- (h) 125 North East Road, Collinswood;
- (i) 45 Trafford Street, Mansfield park;
- (j) 7 Dalgleish Street, Thebarton;
- (k) 110-118 Francis Road, Wingfield;
- (l) 8 Little Paxton Street, Willaston;
- (m) 305 Commercial Street West, Mount Gambier;
- (n) 124 Churchill Road North, Dry Creek;
- (o) 3/62 Middle Row, Salisbury.

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Schedule 2—Liquor Licensing (Declared Criminal Organisations) Regulations 2015

1—Short title

These regulations may be cited as the *Liquor Licensing (Declared Criminal Organisations) Regulations 2015.*

2—Organisations declared to be declared criminal organisations

For the purposes of the definition of *declared criminal organisation* in section 117B(1) of the Act, the following entities are declared criminal organisations:

- (a) the motorcycle club known as the Bandidos;
- (b) the motorcycle club known as the Black Uhlans;
- (c) the motorcycle club known as the Coffin Cheaters;
- (d) the motorcycle club known as the Commancheros;
- (e) the motorcycle club known as the Descendants;
- (f) the motorcycle club known as the Finks;
- (g) the motorcycle club known as the Fourth Reich;
- (h) the motorcycle club known as the Gladiators;
- (i) the motorcycle club known as the Gypsy Jokers;
- (j) the motorcycle club known as the Hells Angels;
- (k) the motorcycle club known as the Highway 61;
- (l) the motorcycle club known as the Iron Horsemen;
- (m) the motorcycle club known as the Life and Death;
- (n) the motorcycle club known as the Lone Wolf;
- (o) the motorcycle club known as the Mobshitters;
- (p) the motorcycle club known as the Mongols;
- (q) the motorcycle club known as the Muslim Brotherhood Movement;
 - (r) the motorcycle club known as the Nomads;
 - (s) the motor cycle club known as the Notorious;
 - (t) the motorcycle club known as the Odins Warriors;
 - (u) the motorcycle club known as the Outcasts;
- (v) the motorcycle club known as the Outlaws;
- (w) the motorcycle club known as the Phoenix;
- (x) the motorcycle club known as the Rebels;
- (y) the motorcycle club known as the Red Devils;
- (z) the motorcycle club known as the Renegades;

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(za) the motorcycle club known as the Scorpions.