

South Australia

Young Offenders Regulations 2008

under the *Young Offenders Act 1993*

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Legislative history

Part 1—Preliminary

1—Short title

These regulations may be cited as the *Young Offenders Regulations 2008*.

3—Interpretation

- (1) In these regulations—
Act means the *Young Offenders Act 1993*.
- (2) In these regulations, a reference to the **Training Centre Review Board**, or the **Board**, if made in relation to a youth who is a recidivist young offender, will be taken to be a reference to the Training Centre Review Board sitting as the Youth Parole Board and constituted in accordance with section 39(2)(b) of the Act.

Part 2—Practice and procedure of Training Centre Review Board

4—Training Centre Review Board meeting procedures

- (1) The Training Centre Review Board—
 - (a) must meet at each training centre at least once in each calendar month; and
 - (b) may meet at such other times as the Chief Executive requests or as the Board considers appropriate.
- (2) A decision carried by the votes of a majority of the members of the Board present and voting at a meeting is a decision of the Board.
- (3) Each member present at a meeting of the Board has 1 vote on a question arising for decision and, if the votes are equal, the member presiding at the meeting may exercise a casting vote.
- (4) A telephone or video conference between members will, for the purposes of this regulation, be taken to be a meeting of the Board at which the participating members are present.
- (5) A proposed resolution of the Board becomes a valid decision of the Board despite the fact that it is not voted on at a meeting of the Board if—
 - (a) notice of the proposed resolution is given to all members of the Board in accordance with procedures determined by the Board; and
 - (b) a majority of the members express their concurrence in the proposed resolution by letter, fax or other written communication setting out the terms of the resolution.
- (6) The manager of the training centre at which a meeting of the Board is held, or a nominee of the manager, is entitled to attend the meeting.
- (7) However, the Board may exclude the manager of the training centre or nominee from a meeting while it deliberates any matter before it for decision.
- (8) The Board may inform itself on any matter before it in such manner as it thinks fit.

5—Obtaining information from Youth Court

The Registrar of the Youth Court must, at the request of the Training Centre Review Board, provide the Board with a copy of any records, depositions, notes of evidence, exhibits or other things that relate to a matter heard in the Court which the Board considers relevant to a matter under consideration by the Board.

6—Reviews etc and proceedings of Training Centre Review Board

- (1) If the Training Centre Review Board is to meet at a training centre—
 - (a) to conduct a review of the progress and circumstances of a youth while in the training centre; or
 - (b) to hear and determine any other matter relating to the youth,

the manager of the training centre must, not later than 7 days (or such lesser period as is approved by the Board) before the meeting, provide the Board and the youth with a copy of a report in respect of the youth.

- (3) The Board must give consideration to a report under this regulation and any explanation of the report given by the manager of a training centre at a meeting of the Board.
- (4) The following persons (and only the following persons) may attend a meeting of the Board during a review by the Board of the progress and circumstances of a youth while in a training centre:
 - (a) the manager of the training centre;
 - (b) the youth to whom the review relates;
 - (c) a guardian of the youth;
 - (d) the legal representative of the youth;
 - (e) if, in relation to an offence for which the youth was detained, there is a registered victim and he or she has made prior arrangement with the Board to attend the meeting—the registered victim;
 - (f) any other person who has the permission of the Board to so attend.

7—Conditional release from detention

- (1) The Training Centre Review Board must give consideration to the recommendations of the manager of a training centre as to—
 - (a) authorising the Chief Executive to grant a youth a period of unsupervised leave from the training centre under section 40A of the Act; or
 - (b) releasing a youth from detention in the training centre under Part 5 Division 3 Subdivision 3 of the Act.
- (2) If the Board makes an order under Part 5 Division 3 Subdivision 3 of the Act, the order must be signed on behalf of the Board by 2 members (1 of whom must be a Judge) and must be endorsed by the youth and—
 - (a) 1 copy retained by the manager of the training centre; and
 - (b) 1 copy given to the youth on his or her release; and
 - (c) 1 copy provided to the Commissioner of Police; and
 - (d) 1 copy retained by the Board.
- (3) The Board must give a youth who is conditionally released from a training centre under Part 5 Division 3 Subdivision 3 of the Act written notice of the youth's right to apply under section 42 of the Act for absolute discharge from the detention order.

Part 3—Miscellaneous

7A—Definition of terrorist offence

- (1) For the purposes of paragraph (e) of the definition of **terrorist offence** in section 4(1) of the Act, the following kinds of offences against the laws of South Australia are prescribed:
 - (a) an offence against section 83CA of the *Criminal Law Consolidation Act 1935*;
 - (b) any offence against Part 3D of the *Criminal Law Consolidation Act 1935*;
 - (c) an offence against section 37 of the *Summary Offences Act 1953*.
- (2) For the purposes of paragraph (e) of the definition of **terrorist offence** in section 4(1) of the Act, the following kinds of offences against the laws of other States and Territories of the Commonwealth are prescribed:
 - (a) an offence against section 310J of the *Crimes Act 1900* of New South Wales;
 - (b) the following offences against Schedule 1 of the *Criminal Code Act 1983* of the Northern Territory:
 - (i) an offence against section 51 where the unlawful organisation to which the offence relates is a terrorist organisation;
 - (ii) an offence against section 53 where the unlawful organisation to which the offence relates is a terrorist organisation;
 - (iii) an offence against section 54;
 - (iv) an offence against section 55;
 - (c) an offence against section 4B of the *Terrorism (Community Protection) Act 2003* of Victoria.
- (3) In this regulation—
terrorist organisation means an organisation referred to in paragraph (b) of the definition of **terrorist organisation** in Division 102 of the Commonwealth Criminal Code.

8—Detention of youths outside specified area

For the purposes of sections 15(2) and 59A(4) of the Act, the area within a 40 kilometre radius of the General Post Office at Adelaide is the specified area outside of which a youth may be detained in a police prison or approved police station, watch-house or lock-up in accordance with those sections.

9—Written statement of youth's rights in respect of legal representation

For the purposes of section 30(2)(b) of the Act, the written statement to be provided to the youth must contain the following information:

- (a) a statement (in bold type) to the effect that, before a person goes to the Youth Court, the person is entitled to obtain legal advice and be represented by a lawyer in court;

- (b) information about how to obtain the services of a lawyer;
- (c) information about how to contact the Legal Services Commission;
- (d) information about how to contact the Aboriginal Legal Rights Movement.

11—Dealing with surrendered items

- (1) For the purposes of section 42A(4) of the Act, the Commissioner of Police must deal with a surrendered item in accordance with this regulation.
- (2) A surrendered item that is a prohibited weapon (within the meaning of the *Summary Offences Act 1953*), or that is an item that cannot otherwise be lawfully possessed in this State, is, by force of this subregulation, forfeited to the Crown.
- (3) The Commissioner of Police must retain a surrendered item (other than a surrendered item forfeited under subregulation (2)) in a location determined by the Commissioner of Police until—
 - (a) the surrendered item is forfeited to the Crown under this or any other Act; or
 - (b) the surrendered item is returned in accordance with this regulation to the youth who surrendered it; or
 - (c) the surrendered item is seized or surrendered under the provisions of another Act,

whichever occurs first.

- (4) If the condition imposed under section 37(3a)(a) on the release on licence, or under section 41A(2)(c)(ia) or 41A(3)(c)(ia) on the conditional release from detention, of the youth who surrendered the surrendered item is revoked, or the youth is discharged from detention absolutely, the youth may notify the Commissioner of Police of that fact.
- (5) Subject to this regulation, if the Commissioner of Police—
 - (a) is notified pursuant to subregulation (4); or
 - (b) otherwise becomes aware that the release on licence or conditional release from detention of the youth is no longer subject to the condition imposed under section 37(3a)(a), 41A(2)(c)(ia) or 41A(3)(c)(ia) (as the case requires), or the youth is discharged from detention absolutely,

the Commissioner of Police must cause the surrendered item to be returned to the youth who surrendered the item.

- (6) If the Commissioner of Police is required to return a surrendered item under subregulation (5), the Commissioner of Police must give notice in writing to the youth who surrendered the item setting out—
 - (a) that the surrendered items specified in the notice are to be returned to the youth; and
 - (b) the location at which the surrendered items may be collected; and
 - (c) that the surrendered items must be collected from the specified location within 3 months of the date specified in the notice (or such longer time as may be specified by the Commissioner of Police); and

- (d) that the surrendered items will only be returned if the youth holds any necessary authorisation under the *Firearms Act 1977* or any other Act to possess the surrendered item; and
 - (e) the effect of subregulations (7) and (8).
- (7) However, the Commissioner of Police may refuse to return a surrendered item to a youth if—
 - (a) the youth is on conditional release that is subject to a condition prohibiting the youth from possessing a firearm, ammunition or part of a firearm; or
 - (b) the youth does not hold any necessary authorisation under the *Firearms Act 1977* or any other Act to possess the surrendered item, or is otherwise prohibited from possessing the surrendered item,and, if the Commissioner of Police does so refuse, he or she must give notice in writing to the youth who surrendered the surrendered item setting out—
 - (c) the reasons for the refusal; and
 - (d) in the case of a refusal contemplated by subregulation (7)(a)—the effect of subregulation (9).
- (8) If—
 - (a) a surrendered item is not collected within the period specified in subregulation (6)(c); or
 - (b) the youth does not, at the end of the period specified in subregulation (6)(c), hold the necessary authorisation under the *Firearms Act 1977* or any other Act to possess the surrendered item, or is otherwise prohibited from possessing the surrendered item,the surrendered item is, by force of this subregulation, forfeited to the Crown.
- (9) If the Commissioner of Police refuses to return a surrendered item to a youth pursuant to subregulation (7)(a)—
 - (a) the surrendered item will be taken to have been surrendered pursuant to a direction under the provision of the Act under which the conditional release was granted (corresponding to section 42A(1) of the Act); and
 - (b) the surrendered item must be dealt with in accordance with that Act.
- (10) The Commissioner of Police may recover from the youth who surrendered the surrendered item the reasonable costs incurred in connection with the storage of the surrendered item.
- (11) This regulation is in addition to, and does not derogate from, the operation of any other Act or law.
- (12) No compensation is payable by the Crown in respect of the forfeiture of a surrendered item under this regulation.
- (13) A notice required to be given to a youth under this regulation may—
 - (a) be given to the youth personally; or
 - (b) be posted in an envelope addressed to the youth—
 - (i) at the youth's last known address; or

- (ii) at the youth's address for service; or
- (c) be left for the youth at the youth's last known address or address for service with someone apparently over the age of 16 years.

(14) In this regulation—

conditional release means—

- (a) a grant of bail under the *Bail Act 1985*; or
- (b) a bond under the *Criminal Law (Sentencing) Act 1988* or the *Criminal Law Consolidation Act 1935*; or
- (c) release from prison on home detention or parole, under the *Correctional Services Act 1982*; or
- (d) release on licence under the *Criminal Law (Sentencing) Act 1988* or the *Criminal Law Consolidation Act 1935*; or
- (e) release on licence, or conditional release from detention, under the Act;

surrendered item means a firearm, ammunition or any part of a firearm surrendered pursuant to a direction under section 42A(1) of the Act.

Legislative history

Notes

- Please note—References in the legislation to other legislation or instruments or to titles of bodies or offices are not automatically updated as part of the program for the revision and publication of legislation and therefore may be obsolete.
- Earlier versions of these regulations (historical versions) are listed at the end of the legislative history.
- For further information relating to the Act and subordinate legislation made under the Act see the Index of South Australian Statutes or www.legislation.sa.gov.au.

Revocation of regulations

The *Young Offenders Regulations 2008* were revoked by Sch 1 of the *Young Offenders Regulations 2023* on 3.8.2023.

Legislation revoked by principal regulations

The *Young Offenders Regulations 2008* revoked the following:

Young Offenders Regulations 1993

Principal regulations and variations

Year	No	Reference	Commencement
2008	236	<i>Gazette 28.8.2008 p4143</i>	1.9.2008: r 2
2010	147	<i>Gazette 17.6.2010 p3080</i>	27.6.2010: r 2
2013	14	<i>Gazette 21.2.2013 p488</i>	4.3.2013: r 2
2016	221	<i>Gazette 8.9.2016 p3707</i>	1.12.2016: r 2
2018	41	<i>Gazette 13.2.2018 p778</i>	26.2.2018: r 2
2019	215	<i>Gazette 26.9.2019 p3370</i>	26.9.2019: r 2

Provisions varied

Entries that relate to provisions that have been deleted appear in italics.

Provision	How varied	Commencement
Pt 1		
r 2	<i>omitted under Legislation Revision and Publication Act 2002</i>	27.6.2010
r 3		
r 3(1)	r 3 redesignated as r 3(1) by 147/2010 r 4(2)	27.6.2010
<i>Board</i>	<i>deleted by 147/2010 r 4(1)</i>	27.6.2010
r 3(2)	inserted by 147/2010 r 4(2)	27.6.2010
Pt 2		
heading	varied by 147/2010 r 5	27.6.2010

r 4		
r 4(1)	varied by 147/2010 r 6	27.6.2010
r 5	varied by 147/2010 r 7(1), (2)	27.6.2010
r 6		
r 6(1)	substituted by 147/2010 r 8(1)	27.6.2010
r 6(2)	<i>deleted by 147/2010 r 8(1)</i>	27.6.2010
r 6(4)	substituted by 147/2010 r 8(2)	27.6.2010
r 7		
r 7(1)	substituted by 147/2010 r 9(1)	27.6.2010
r 7(2)	varied by 147/2010 r 9(2)	27.6.2010
r 7(3)	varied by 147/2010 r 9(3)	27.6.2010
Pt 3		
r 7A		
r 7A(1)	r 7A inserted by 41/2018 r 4	26.2.2018
	r 7A varied and redesignated as r 7A(1) by 215/2019 r 4(1), (2)	26.9.2019
r 7A(2) and (3)	inserted by 215/2019 r 4(2)	26.9.2019
r 10	<i>deleted by 221/2016 r 4</i>	1.12.2016
r 11	inserted by 14/2013 r 4	4.3.2013
Sch 1	<i>omitted under Legislation Revision and Publication Act 2002</i>	27.6.2010

Historical versions

27.6.2010

4.3.2013

1.12.2016

26.2.2018