

ANNO QUINQUAGESIMO TERTIO ET QUINQUA-**GESIMO QUARTO** 

## VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

## A.D. 1890.

## No. 493.

An Act to amend "The Food and Drugs Act," No. 257, 1882, and for other purposes.

[Assented to, December 23rd, 1890.]

THEREAS it is desirable, for the better protection of the public, Preamble. to amend "The Food and Drugs Act," No. 257, 1882: Be it therefore Enacted by the Governor of the Province of South Australia, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and the House of Assembly of the said province, in this present Parliament assembled, as follows:

1. This Act may be cited for all purposes as "The Food and Short title. Drugs Act Amendment Act, 1890."

2. No penalty of less than Five Pounds shall be imposed for an Minimum penalty offence committed under sections 7 and 8 of "The Food and Drugs Act," No. 257, 1882, hereinafter called the principal Act.

case of food, such food which is a mixture or has an admixture of an ingredient or ingredients not generally known and recognised as a natural and necessary component part of that food, and is mixed therewith by way of adulterating it, or is an artificial imitation of an article of food, a label shall be affixed to that food, specifying the names of each of the matters or ingredients with which such articles of food are mixed or adulterated.

to be enforced.

Repeated 1988 1908.

4. For

93

The Food and Drugs Act Amendment Act.-1890.

Public inspector to be appointed.

Local inspectors to be

assistants of public

Provisions of the

interfered with.

label.

principal Act not to be

Antidotes to be pub-

lished and printed on

inspectors.

4. For the better protection of the public, and the enforcement of the provisions of "The Food and Drugs Act," No. 257, 1882, and this Act, an inspector shall be appointed, whose salary and expenses shall be paid out of the public revenue, who may at any time in the execution of his duty enter any manufactory, warehouse, store, or building, where any articles of food may be manufactured, or retained or exposed for sale, and demand such sample or samples as he may consider necessary for purposes of analysis by a competent officer appointed by Government, on paying the ordinary market price therefor.

5. The office of any local inspector who may have been or shall be appointed by a Municipal Corporation, or District Council, shall not become vacant or inoperative through the appointment of the inspector above mentioned; but, for the better execution of this Act and the provisions of the principal Act, such local inspectors shall become advisers and assistants of the aforenamed public inspector.

6. The provisions of this Act shall in no way repeal or render less operative any of the provisions of the principal Act.

7. Within six months from the passing hereof the Governor may issue a Proclamation in the *Government Gazette* setting forth the antidote or antidotes (if any are known) to all such poisons as may be considered advisable, together with the dose, application, and mode of administering such antidote or antidotes.

No poison, concerning which any such Proclamation shall have been issued, shall, after the expiration of six months from the date thereof, be sold, unless the label affixed to or a wrapper containing such poison shall have clearly and distinctly printed thereon the name of the antidote or antidotes, and other particulars contained in such Proclamation.

Any person who shall fail to comply with the provisions of this Act shall be liable to a penalty of not more than Ten Pounds, to be recovered in the manner provided by clause 22 of Act No. 257 of 1882.

Commencement.

8. This Act shall come into force and take effect from a day to be fixed by the Governor by Proclamation in the Government Gazette.

In the name and on behalf of Her Majesty, I hereby assent to this Bill.

KINTORE, Governor.

2