



ANNO VICESIMO QUINTO

# GEORGII V REGIS.

A.D. 1934.

\*\*\*\*\*

## No. 2151.

An Act to consolidate certain laws relating to the Constitution of the State, and for other purposes incidental thereto.

*[Assented to, October 18th, 1934.]*

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the State of South Australia, with the advice and consent of the Parliament thereof, as follows :

### PART I.

PART I.

#### PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be cited as the "Constitution Act, 1934," and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by proclamation. Short title and commencement.

2. The Acts set out in the first schedule are repealed to the extent shown in that schedule. Repeal.

3. This Act is divided into Parts as follows :—

Division of Act.

PART I.—Preliminary.

PART II.—The Legislature.

PART III.—The Executive.

PART IV.—The Judiciary.

*Constitution Act.—1934.*

## PART II.

## PART II.

## THE LEGISLATURE.

*General Provisions.*

Constitution  
of the  
Parliament.  
2, 1855-6, s. 1.

**4.** There shall be a Legislative Council and a House of Assembly which shall be called the Parliament of South Australia, and shall be constituted in the manner provided by this Act.

Powers of the  
Parliament.  
2, 1855-6, s. 1.

**5.** The Legislative Council and House of Assembly shall have and exercise all the powers and functions formerly exercised by the Legislative Council constituted pursuant to section 7 of the Act of the Imperial Parliament, 13 and 14 Victoria, Chapter 59, entitled "An Act for the better Government of Her Majesty's Australian Colonies."

Place and  
time for  
holding  
Sessions of  
Parliament.  
2, 1855-6, s. 2.

**6.** (1) The Governor may—

- (a) fix such places and times for holding every session of the Parliament as he thinks fit :
- (b) from time to time change any such place or time as he judges advisable and most consistent with general convenience and the public welfare :
- (c) prorogue the Parliament from time to time :
- (d) dissolve the House of Assembly by Proclamation or otherwise whenever he deems it expedient :

Provided that this section shall not authorise the Governor to dissolve the Legislative Council.

(2) The Governor shall give sufficient notice of the time and place fixed for holding every session of Parliament, and of any change thereof.

Sessions of  
Parliament.  
2, 1855-6, s. 3.

**7.** There shall be a session of the Parliament once at least in every year ; so that a period of twelve calendar months shall not intervene between the last sitting of the Parliament in one session and the first sitting of the Parliament in the next session.

Power of  
Parliament  
to alter  
this Act.  
2, 1855-6, s. 34.

**8.** The Parliament may, from time to time, by any Act, repeal, alter, or vary all or any of the provisions of this Act, and substitute others in lieu thereof : Provided that—

- (a) it shall not be lawful to present to the Governor, for His Majesty's assent, any Bill by which an alteration in the constitution of the Legislative Council or House of Assembly is made, unless the second and third readings of that Bill have been passed with the concurrence of an absolute majority of the whole number of the members of the Legislative Council and of the House of Assembly respectively ;

*Constitution Act.—1934.*

## PART II.

(b) every such Bill which has been so passed shall be reserved for the signification of His Majesty's pleasure thereon.

9. The Parliament may, by any Act, define the privileges, immunities, and powers to be held, enjoyed, and exercised by the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, and by the members thereof respectively: Provided that no such privileges, immunities, or powers shall exceed those held, enjoyed, and exercised on the twenty-fourth day of October, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, by the House of Commons, or the members thereof.

Privileges of Parliament.  
2, 1855-6, s. 35.

10. Except as provided in the sections of this Act relating to money Bills, the Legislative Council shall have equal power with the House of Assembly in respect of all Bills.

Relative powers of Houses of Parliament.  
1148, 1913, s. 26.

*The Legislative Council.*

11. The Legislative Council shall consist of twenty members, who shall be elected by the inhabitants of the State legally qualified to vote.

Number of members of Legislative Council.  
1148, 1913, s. 7 (2).

12. No person shall be capable of being elected a member of the Legislative Council unless—

Qualification of member of Legislative Council.  
2, 1855-6, s. 5.

(a) he is at least thirty years of age; and

(b) he is a British subject or legally made a denizen of the State; and

(c) he has resided in the State for at least three years.

13. Subject to the provisions contained in this Act as to the dissolution of the Legislative Council, every member of the Council, except a member elected to fill a casual vacancy, shall occupy his seat for the term of six years at least, calculated as from the first day of March of the year in which he was last elected, and for such further period as is provided for in the next succeeding section: Provided that—

Term of service of Legislative councillors.  
959, 1908, s. 10.

(a) if the seat of any member of the Council becomes vacant by death, resignation, or otherwise before the expiration of his term of service, and a member is returned for the district in which the vacancy occurred, he shall hold office only for the unexpired term of the member whose seat has been vacated, and shall, for the purpose of retirement, be deemed to have been elected at the time when the last-mentioned member was elected or deemed to be elected:

## PART II.

*Constitution Act.—1934.*

(b) where two or more members are so returned at the same time to fill vacated seats of unequal terms he who at the count of votes first received an absolute majority of votes shall hold the seat which has the longest term to run, and so on, and in the event of a tie the matter shall be determined by lot.

Periodical retirement of Legislative councillors. 959, 1908, s. 11. 1148, 1913, s. 13.

**14.** Whenever the House of Assembly is dissolved by the Governor, or expires by effluxion of time, those members of the Legislative Council, not exceeding two for any Council district, who have completed the minimum term of service provided by the preceding section shall retire and vacate their seats, and, subject to the provisions of this Act as to deadlocks, an election to supply the vacancies so created shall take place on the day of the next general election of the House of Assembly.

Order of retirement. 959, 1908, s. 12. 1148, 1913, s. 14.

**15.** The periodical retirement of members of the Legislative Council under the provisions of the last preceding section shall be determined as follows :—

- I. The members retiring in each Council district shall be those who have represented the district for the longest time, calculated from the date of their last election, and if, in accordance with the last preceding section, two members are to retire and there are not two who have represented the district for such longest time, then the two members to retire shall be the one who has represented the district for the longest time, calculated as aforesaid, and the member or one of the members who has or have represented the district for the next longest time, calculated as aforesaid :
- II. If two or more members have represented the same Council district for an equal time, calculated as aforesaid, the order of retirement as between them shall be determined by the order in which at the count of votes at their election they respectively received an absolute majority of votes, so that he who last received an absolute majority of votes shall retire first and so on. If their position is equal in this respect, or if no poll was taken, the order of retirement between them shall be determined by lot :
- III. The Legislative Council shall keep a roll of its members, containing all particulars necessary for the application of the foregoing rules as to their periodical retirement.

Resignation of legislative councillors. 2, 1855-6, s. 11. 959, 1908, s. 24.

**16.** (1) Any member of the Legislative Council may resign his seat in the Council by writing under his hand, addressed to the President of the Council, and delivered to the President

*Constitution Act.—1934.*

## PART II.

forthwith after the signing thereof, and upon the receipt of such resignation by the President the seat of the member shall become vacant.

(2) If there is a vacancy in the office of the President of the Legislative Council, or if the President is absent from the State or incapacitated from performing the duties of his office the resignation may be delivered to the Governor, and when so delivered, shall have the same effect as if delivered to the President.

17. If any member of the Legislative Council—

- (a) without permission of the Council fails for one month of any session of the Council to give his attendance therein ; or
- (b) takes any oath or makes any declaration or act of acknowledgment or allegiance to any foreign prince or power ; or
- (c) does, concurs in, or adopts any act whereby he may become a subject or citizen of any foreign state or power ; or
- (d) becomes bankrupt ; or
- (e) takes the benefit of any law relating to insolvent debtors ; or
- (f) becomes a public defaulter ; or
- (g) is attainted of treason ; or
- (h) is convicted of a felony or any infamous crime ; or
- (i) becomes of insane mind,

his seat in the Council shall thereby become vacant.

18. (1) Whenever a casual vacancy occurs in the Legislative Council at or near the time when the Governor is issuing, or is about to issue, a writ or writs for periodical or other elections of members of the Council, and the casual vacancy is to be filled, the President shall in his writ for filling that vacancy fix, if practicable, the same days for nomination and polling respectively as are fixed by the Governor in the writ or writs issued by him.

(2) The elections so ordered for the same day shall in each district be conducted as one election for all the members to be so elected therein, one and the same form of voting paper being used for all voters ; and the Returning Officer shall indorse upon the writ issued by the Governor the names of the elected candidates who, being the number therein required, first obtained an absolute majority of votes, and the names of

Vacation of  
seat in Council.  
2, 1855-6, s. 12.  
959, 1908, s. 19.

Concurrent  
writs of  
Governor and  
President.  
959, 1908, s. 22.

the remaining elected candidate or candidates he shall indorse upon the writ issued by the President. If two or more elected candidates obtain an absolute majority of votes at the same time the Returning Officer shall, by drawing lots, decide which of such candidates is to be deemed, for the purpose of this section, to have first obtained an absolute majority and which next, and so on as the case requires.

Council  
districts.  
1148, 1913,  
s. 9.

**19.** The State is hereby divided for the purpose of electing members of the Legislative Council into five Council districts, which shall respectively—

- (a) be distinguished by the names, and
- (b) return the number of members, and
- (c) comprise the Assembly districts,

set forth in the second schedule to this Act.

Qualifications  
of electors for  
Council  
elections.  
1148, 1913,  
s. 17.  
1935, 1918,  
s. 3.

**20.** (1) Subject to the next two succeeding sections, the following persons, and no others, shall be entitled to vote at the election of members of the Legislative Council, namely :—

- I. Any person who has a freehold estate in possession, either legal or equitable, in any land situate within the State, which estate is of the clear value of at least fifty pounds above all charges and encumbrances affecting the same :
- II. Any person who has a leasehold estate in possession, in any land situate within the State, which estate is of the clear annual value of at least twenty pounds :

Provided that the lease thereof—

- (a) has been registered in the Lands Titles Registration Office or the General Registry Office for the registration of deeds, and
- (b) was, when granted, for a term of not less than three years, or contains a clause authorising the lessee to become the purchaser of the land thereby demised ;
- III. Any person who is registered, in the Lands Titles Registration Office or the General Registry Office for the registration of deeds, as the proprietor of a lease from the Crown of land situate within the State, upon which land there are improvements to the value of at least fifty pounds, which improvements are the property of such person ; and

---

*Constitution Act.—1934.*

---

## PART II.

- iv. any person who is an inhabitant occupier, as owner or tenant, of any dwelling-house: Provided that no person shall be entitled to vote by reason of being a joint occupier of any dwelling-house ;
- v. any person who—
- (a) has been a member of the Australian Imperial Force or of the Royal Australian Navy or of any other naval or military force raised in the Commonwealth by the Minister of Defence for service outside the Commonwealth in the war which commenced on the fourth day of August, nineteen hundred and fourteen, or has been a member of His Majesty's Army or Navy or of any naval or military force raised in any country forming part of His Majesty's Dominions for service in the said war outside the country wherein the force was raised, and
  - (b) has served in connection with the said war outside the Commonwealth or outside the United Kingdom or outside the country wherein the force of which he was a member was raised, as the case may be, and
  - (c) has received his discharge from service, or has otherwise ceased to be on service, and
  - (d) was not so discharged or did not so cease to be on service because of his own default or misconduct :

The names of all such persons as are referred to in paragraph v. of this subsection appearing on the Legislative Council rolls (whether registered thereon by virtue of the qualification conferred by paragraph v. or not) shall be denoted by distinguishing marks against their names for the purpose of indicating that those persons have been on active service in the said war.

(2) When a person inhabits any dwelling-house by virtue of any office, service, or employment, and the dwelling-house is not inhabited by any person under whom the first-mentioned person serves in such office, service, or employment, the first-mentioned person shall be deemed, for the purposes of subdivision iv. of subsection (1) hereof to be an inhabitant occupier of such dwelling-house as a tenant.

(3) A person shall not be deemed to be an inhabitant occupier of a dwelling-house unless he, or some member of his family, ordinarily sleeps and has his meals therein ; and he shall not

necessarily be deemed to be an inhabitant occupier thereof by reason only of the fact that he, or some member of his family, ordinarily sleeps and has his meals therein.

(4) In this section the term “dwelling-house” means any structure of a permanent character, being a fixture to the soil, which is ordinarily capable of being used for human habitation and includes part of a building when that part is separately occupied as a dwelling: Provided that when a dwelling-house is only part of a building and any other part thereof is in the occupation as a dwelling of some person other than the occupier of the first-mentioned part, the first-mentioned part shall not be a dwelling-house within the meaning of this section, unless it is structurally severed from such other part of the building, and there is no direct means of access between such parts.

(5) For the purposes of this section the following persons only shall be deemed to be members of a family:—Husband, wife, father, mother, grand-father, grand-mother, step-father, step-mother, son, daughter, grand-son, grand-daughter, step-son, step-daughter, brother, sister, half-brother, half-sister.

(6) In this section the term “improvements” means substantial and permanent improvements, consisting of buildings, fencing, dams, tanks, wells, or reservoirs, or clearing, or drainage, or irrigation works.

Disqualifica-  
tions for voting  
for Council.  
1148, 1913,  
s. 17 (Pt) and  
s. 18.  
1929, 1929,  
s. 192.

**21.** No person shall be entitled to vote at an election for a member or members of the Legislative Council unless—

- (a) he is at least twenty-one years of age:
- (b) he is a British subject:
- (c) he is an inhabitant of the State:
- (d) he has resided in the State at least six months prior to the registration of his electoral claim:
- (e) he is at the time of the election registered on the electoral roll for the Council district in which the election is held:

Provided that the requirements as to age and six months' residence in the State shall not apply to any person entitled to vote by reason of war service as provided in the preceding section.

Disqualification  
of convicted  
persons.  
2, 1855-6, s. 16.

**22.** No person shall be entitled to vote at an election for a member or members of the Legislative Council if he has been attainted or convicted of treason or felony or other



*Constitution Act.—1934.*

## PART II.

infamous crime in any part of His Majesty's dominions and has not either received a free pardon for that offence or undergone the sentence passed on him for that offence.

**23.** (1) The Legislative Council shall, at its first meeting, and before proceeding to the dispatch of any other business, elect some member of the Council to be the President thereof, and as often as the place of the President becomes vacant by death, resignation, vacation of seat, or removal by a vote of the Council, the Council shall again elect some other member to be the President thereof.

Election of  
President of  
Legislative  
Council.  
2, 1855-6, s. 7.

(2) The President so elected shall preside at all meetings of the Council.

(3) The election of the President of the Council shall be notified to the Governor by a deputation of the Council.

**24.** If the President of the Legislative Council is absent in consequence of leave of absence granted to him by the Council, or of illness, or other unavoidable cause, the Council may choose some other member of the Council to fill temporarily the office and perform the duties of the President during his absence.

Absence of  
President.  
2, 1855-6, s. 9.

**25.** (1) If the President of the Legislative Council vacates his seat by periodical retirement, or by reason of the dissolution of the Council, he shall nevertheless be and be deemed to be, the President of the Council until the next meeting of Parliament, unless he is not re-elected a member of the Council.

Continuance  
of President  
in office after  
dissolution or  
retirement.  
496, 1890,  
ss. 1 and 3.

(2) This section shall not enable any person continued in the office of President by this section to preside at any meeting of the Legislative Council.

**26.** (1) The Legislative Council shall not be competent to proceed with the dispatch of business unless there are present, including the President, or the person chosen to preside in his absence, at least ten members of the Council.

Quorum of  
Council.  
2, 1855-6, s. 10.  
959, 1908, s. 13

(2) All questions which arise shall be decided by a majority of the votes of those members of the Council who are present exclusive of the President, or the person chosen as aforesaid, who shall be allowed a casting vote.

*The House of Assembly.*

**27.** The House of Assembly shall consist of forty-six members who shall be elected by the inhabitants of the State legally qualified to vote.

Number of  
members of  
House of  
Assembly.  
1148, 1913,  
s. 8 (2).

## PART II.

*Constitution Act.—1934.*

Term of  
House of  
Assembly.  
2, 1855-6, s. 3.  
959, 1908, s. 15.  
2141, 1933, s. 3.

**28.** (1) Every House of Assembly shall continue for three years from the day on which it first meets for the dispatch of business, subject nevertheless to be sooner prorogued or dissolved by the Governor and subject to the following provisions :—

(a) If the said period of three years would expire between the thirtieth day of September and the first day of March next thereafter, the House of Assembly shall continue up to and including the day preceding the said first day of March and no longer :

(b) If the said period of three years would expire between the last day of February and the first day of October next thereafter, the House of Assembly shall cease and determine on the said last day of February.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section the House of Assembly in existence on the twenty-eighth day of February, nineteen hundred and thirty-four, shall continue until the twenty-eighth day of February, nineteen hundred and thirty-eight, subject nevertheless to be sooner prorogued or dissolved by the Governor.

Qualification  
of members of  
House of  
Assembly.  
2, 1855-6, s. 14.

**29.** Any person qualified and entitled to be registered as an elector in and for any electoral district shall be qualified and entitled to be elected a member of the House of Assembly for any electoral district.

Resignation of  
seats in the  
Assembly.  
2, 1855-6, s. 23.

**30.** (1) Any member of the House of Assembly may resign his seat in the House by writing under his hand, addressed to the Speaker of the House, and delivered to the Speaker forthwith after the signing thereof, and upon the receipt of such resignation by the Speaker, the seat of the member shall become vacant.

(2) If there is a vacancy in the office of Speaker or if the Speaker is absent from the State or incapacitated from performing the duties of his office, the resignation may be delivered to the Governor and when so delivered shall have the same effect as if delivered to the Speaker.

Vacation of  
seats in the  
Assembly.  
2, 1855-6, s. 25.  
959, 1908, s. 19

**31.** If any member of the House of Assembly—

(a) for one month of any session of the Legislature without the permission of the House entered upon its journals fails to give his attendance in the House ; or

(b) takes any oath or makes any declaration or acknowledgment of allegiance, obedience, or adherence to any foreign prince or power ; or

(c) does, concurs in, or adopts any act whereby he may become a subject or citizen of any foreign state or power ; or

*Constitution Act.—1934.*

## PART II.

- (d) becomes entitled to the rights, privileges, or immunities of a subject or citizen of any foreign state or power ; or
- (e) becomes bankrupt or an insolvent debtor within the meaning of the laws in force in the State relating to bankrupts or insolvent debtors ; or
- (f) becomes a public defaulter ; or
- (g) is attainted of treason ; or
- (h) is convicted of a felony or any infamous crime ; or
- (i) becomes of unsound mind,

his seat in the House of Assembly shall thereby become vacant.

**32.** (1) For the purpose of electing members of the Assembly, the State shall be divided into nineteen electoral districts, which shall respectively—

Assembly  
Districts.  
1148, 1913.  
s. 10 (2) 11.

- (a) be distinguished by the names, and
- (b) return the number of members, and
- (c) comprise the portions of the State,

set forth in the third schedule to this Act.

(2) Every Assembly District shall also be an electoral division of the Council District within which it is comprised.

**33.** (1) Subject to the disqualifications set out in subsection (2) of this section every person who—

Qualification of  
electors for  
House of  
Assembly.  
870, 1904, s. 4.  
1446, 1920,  
s. 53

- (a) is at least twenty-one years of age ; and
- (b) is a British subject ; and
- (c) has lived continuously in the Commonwealth for at least six months and in the State for at least three months and in any subdivision for at least one month immediately preceding the date of his claim for enrolment,

is entitled to vote at an election of members of the House of Assembly : Provided that he is at the time of the election enrolled on the electoral roll for a subdivision of the Assembly district in which the election is held.

(2) No person who is of unsound mind, and no person attainted of treason, or who has been convicted and is under sentence or subject to be sentenced for any offence punishable under the law of any part of the King's dominions by imprisonment for one year or longer, shall be entitled to vote at any election of members of the House of Assembly.

## PART II.

*Constitution Act.—1934.*

Election of  
the Speaker.  
2, 1855-6, s. 19.

**34.** (1) The members of the House of Assembly shall, upon the first assembling after every general election, proceed forthwith to elect one of their number to be Speaker, and in case of his death, resignation, or removal by a vote of the House, the said members shall forthwith proceed to elect another of their number to be Speaker.

(2) The Speaker so elected shall preside at all meetings of the House of Assembly.

(3) The election of the Speaker shall be forthwith notified to the Governor by a deputation of the House.

Absence of  
Speaker.  
2, 1855-6, s. 20.

**35.** If the Speaker of the House of Assembly is absent in consequence of leave of absence granted to him by the House, or of illness or other unavoidable cause, the House may choose some other member of the House to fill temporarily the office and perform the duties of the Speaker during his absence.

Continuance in  
office of  
Speaker and  
Chairman of  
Committees  
after dissolu-  
tion.  
496, 1890,  
ss. 2, 3.

**36.** (1) In case of any dissolution of Parliament the Speaker of the House of Assembly at the time of the dissolution shall be, and shall be deemed to be, the Speaker of the House until the first meeting of the new Parliament, unless he is not re-elected a member of the House; and the Chairman of Committees at the time of the dissolution shall be, and shall be deemed to be, the Chairman of Committees until the first meeting of the new Parliament, unless he is not re-elected a member of the House.

(2) This section shall not enable any person continued in the office of Speaker by this section to preside at any meeting of the House of Assembly.

Quorum;  
division; cast-  
ing vote.  
2, 1855-6, s. 21.  
959, 1908, s.  
14.  
1029, 1910,  
s. 9.

**37.** (1) The House of Assembly shall not be competent to proceed with the despatch of business unless there are present, including the Speaker or the person chosen to preside in his absence, at least fifteen members of the House.

(2) All questions which arise in the House of Assembly shall be decided by the majority of votes of the members present, other than the Speaker or person aforesaid.

(3) When the votes are equal the Speaker or person aforesaid shall have the casting vote.

*Both Houses of Parliament.*

Privileges,  
powers, &c., of  
Council and  
Assembly.  
14, 1872, s. 1.

**38.** The privileges, immunities, and powers of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly respectively, and of the committees and members thereof respectively, shall be the same as but no greater than those which on the twenty-fourth day of October, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, were held, enjoyed,

*Constitution Act.—1934.*

## PART II.

and exercised by the House of Commons and by the committees and members thereof, whether such privileges, immunities, or powers were so held, possessed, or enjoyed by custom, statute, or otherwise.

**39.** No member of the Parliament shall be entitled to set up or claim any of the privileges, immunities, or powers to which he may be entitled by virtue of the last preceding section, as against any summons, subpoena, writ, order, process, or proceeding whatsoever issued by any court of law within the said province: Provided that—

Privilege  
against legal  
proceedings  
abolished.  
430, 1888.

- (a) no writ of *capias ad satisfaciendum* shall be executed or put into effect against any such member during any session of Parliament, or within ten days prior to the meeting thereof; and
- (b) no member shall be liable to any penalty or process for non-attendance as a witness in any court when such non-attendance is occasioned by his attendance in his place in Parliament.

**40.** Any copy of the journals of the House of Commons printed, or purporting to be printed, by the order or printer of the House of Commons shall be received as *prima facie* evidence, without proof of its being such copy, upon any inquiry touching the privileges, immunities, and powers of the Legislative Council or House of Assembly, or of any committee or member thereof, respectively.

Evidence of  
privileges.  
14, 1872, s. 2.

**41.** (1) Whenever—

- (a) any bill has been passed by the House of Assembly during any session of Parliament; and
- (b) the same bill or a similar bill with substantially the same objects and having the same title has been passed by the House of Assembly during the next ensuing Parliament; and
- (c) a general election of the House of Assembly has taken place between the two Parliaments; and
- (d) the second and third readings of the bill were passed in the second instance by an absolute majority of the whole number of members of the House of Assembly; and
- (e) both such bills have been rejected by the Legislative Council or failed to become law in consequence of any amendments made therein by the Legislative Council,

Settlement of  
deadlocks.  
950, 1908, s.  
21.

it shall be lawful for but not obligatory upon the Governor within six months after the last rejection or failure—

(i.) to dissolve the Legislative Council and House of Assembly by proclamation to be published in the *Gazette*; or

(ii.) to issue writs for the election of two additional members for each Council district.

(2) If the Legislative Council and House of Assembly are so dissolved—

(a) all the members of both Houses of Parliament shall thereupon vacate their seats and members shall be elected to supply the vacancies so created; and

(b) the order of retirement as between members of the Legislative Council elected after such dissolution shall be as provided in section 15 of this Act and one-half of such members shall retire after three years' service calculated from the first day of March of the year of their election or after such further period as is provided for in section 14.

(3) If writs for the election of additional members of the Council are issued, after the issue of such writs no vacancy whether arising before or after the issue thereof shall be filled except as may be necessary to bring the representation of the district in which the vacancy occurs to its proper number as set forth in the second schedule of this Act. Whenever there are more seats vacated by members returned for the same district than there are seats to be filled and such members' seats were of unequal tenure the seats of those members the unexpired portions of whose terms are the shorter shall be first filled.

Oath of allegiance.  
959, 1908,  
s. 23.

**42.** (1) No member of Parliament shall be permitted to sit or vote therein until he has taken and subscribed the following oath before the Governor, or before some person or persons authorised by the Governor to administer such oath:—

“ I do sincerely promise and swear that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to His Majesty King GEORGE THE FIFTH as lawful Sovereign of Great Britain and Ireland, and of this State of South Australia and its Dependencies in the Commonwealth of Australia, dependent on and belonging to the said Great Britain; and that I will defend him to the utmost of my power against all traitorous conspiracies and attempts whatsoever which shall be made against His person, crown, and dignity; and that I will do my

*Constitution Act.—1934.*

## PART II.

utmost endeavor to disclose and make known to His Majesty, His heirs and successors, all treasons and traitorous conspiracies and attempts which I shall know to be against Him, or any of them: and all this I do swear without any equivocation, mental evasion, or secret reservation, and renouncing all pardons and dispensations from any person or persons whatever to the contrary. SO HELP ME GOD!”

(2) It shall not be necessary for any member of Parliament who has taken the oath prescribed herein to take the said oath again in the event of the demise of the Crown; such oath shall be deemed to relate to the Sovereign, His heirs, and successors according to law, and the name of the Sovereign for the time being shall be substituted as occasion requires.

(3) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to affect the operation of “The Affirmations Act, 1896,” which entitles any person to make an affirmation in lieu of taking any oath required by this Act.

**43.** Whenever any question arises respecting any vacancy in either House of Parliament it shall be heard and determined by the House in which the vacancy occurred.

Determination of questions of vacancy.  
2, 1855-6, s. 13.

**44.** No Judge of any court of the State, and no clergyman or officiating minister shall be capable of being elected a member of the Parliament.

Disqualification of Judges and ministers of religion.  
2, 1855-6, s. 36.

**45.** If any member of the Parliament accepts any office of profit or pension from the Crown, during pleasure, excepting those offices which are required by this Act to be held by members of Parliament, his seat shall be thereupon and is hereby declared to be vacant.

Disqualification of members holding offices of profit.  
2, 1855-6, s. 17.

**46.** (1) If any person by this Act disabled from or declared to be incapable of voting or sitting in Parliament is, nevertheless, elected and returned as a member to serve in Parliament for any electoral district, his election and return shall be void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Effect of election of disqualified person.  
2, 1855-6, s. 18.  
19, 1869-70, s. 6.

(2) If any person so elected and returned, contrary to the provisions of this Act, sits or votes as an elected member of Parliament he shall forfeit the sum of five hundred pounds, to be recovered by any person who sues for it in the Supreme Court or in any other court of record in the State having competent jurisdiction.

## PART II.

*Constitution Act.—1934.*

Prevention of membership of both Commonwealth and State Parliaments.  
790, 1902, s. 2.  
731, 1899, s. 3.

**47.** (1) No member of either House of the Parliament of the Commonwealth shall be a member of either House of the Parliament of the State.

(2) If any member of either House of the Parliament of the State is elected a member of either House of the Parliament of the Commonwealth he shall vacate his seat in the Parliament of the State on taking his seat in the Parliament of the Commonwealth.

Franchise for women.  
613, 1894, ss. 1 and 2.

**48.** Women shall possess and may exercise the right to vote at parliamentary elections subject to the same qualifications and in the same manner as men.

Disqualification of persons holding contracts for the Public Service.  
19, 1869-70,

**49.** Any person who—

(a) directly or indirectly, himself or by any person whatsoever in trust for him, or for his use or benefit, or on his account, undertakes, executes, holds, or enjoys in the whole or in part any contract, agreement, or commission made or entered into with, under, or from any person or persons whatsoever, for or on account of the Government of the State ; or

(b) knowingly and willingly furnishes or provides in pursuance of any such agreement, contract, or commission made or entered into as aforesaid, any money to be remitted abroad, or any wares or merchandise to be used or employed in the service of the public ; or

(c) is a member of any company, or holds any office or position in any company formed for the construction of any railway, or other public work, the payment for which, or the interest on the cost of which has been guaranteed by the State,

shall be incapable of being elected, or of sitting or voting as a member of the Parliament during the time he executes, holds, or enjoys any such contract, agreement, or commission, or office, or position, or any part or share thereof, or any benefit or emolument arising from the same.

Avoidance of seat of members accepting or holding certain contracts.  
19, 1869-70, s. 2.

**50.** If any person, being a member of the Parliament—

(a) directly or indirectly, himself or by any other person whatsoever in trust for him, or for his use or benefit, or on his account, enters into, accepts, agrees for, undertakes or executes in the whole or in part, any such contract, agreement, or commission as aforesaid ; or



*Constitution Act.—1934.*

PART II.

- (b) having already entered into any such agreement or commission, or part or share of any such contract, agreement, or commission, by himself, or by any other person whatsoever in trust for him, or for his use or benefit, or upon his account, continues to hold, execute, or enjoy the same, or any part thereof,

his seat in the Parliament shall be and is hereby declared to be void.

51. Nothing contained in the preceding two sections shall extend—

Exemptions.  
19, 1868-70,  
ss. 3 and 4.

- (a) to persons contributing towards any loan raised for public purposes under the authority of Parliament; nor
- (b) to the holders of any bonds issued under any Act authorising any such loan; nor
- (c) to any contract, agreement, or commission made, entered into, or accepted by any incorporated trading company in its corporate capacity, if that incorporated company consists of more than twenty persons, and the contract, agreement, or commission is made, entered into, or accepted for the general benefit of such incorporated company; nor
- (d) to any contract or agreement in respect of any lease, licence, or agreement in respect to the sale or occupation of any waste lands of the Crown, or Crown lands; nor
- (e) to any person on whom the completion of any contract, agreement, or commission devolves by descent, or limitation, or by marriage, or as devisee, or legatee, until twelve calendar months after he has been in possession of the same; nor
- (f) to any executor, or administrator, until three years after he has been in possession of the contract, agreement, or commission.

52. (1) In every such contract, agreement, or commission made, entered into, or accepted as aforesaid, there shall be inserted an express condition that no member of the Parliament be admitted to any share or part of such contract, agreement, or commission, or to any benefit to arise therefrom.

Condition to be  
inserted in all  
public con-  
tracts.  
19, 1869-70,  
s. 5.

(2) If any person who has entered into or accepted any such contract, agreement, or commission, admits any member of Parliament to any part or share thereof, or to receive any benefit

## PART II.

*Constitution Act.—1934.*

thereby, he shall forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred pounds, to be recovered, with full costs of suit, by any person who sues for it in the Supreme Court, or in any other court of competent jurisdiction.

*Sitting in Parliament whilst disqualified.*  
19, 1869-70,  
s. 6.

**53.** If any person disabled or declared by section 49 or 50 incapable of being elected, sits or votes as a member of either House of the Parliament, he shall forfeit the sum of five hundred pounds, to be recovered, with full costs of suit, by any person who sues for it in the Supreme Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction.

*Limitations of actions.*  
19, 1869-70,  
s. 7.

**54.** No person shall be liable to any forfeiture or penalty imposed by section 52 or 53, unless a prosecution is commenced within twelve calendar months after the forfeiture or penalty has been incurred.

*Standing Rules and Orders.*  
2, 1855-6, s. 27.

**55.** (1) The Legislative Council and House of Assembly from time to time as there shall be occasion, shall prepare and adopt such Standing Rules and Orders as appear to the Council and Assembly respectively best adapted for—

- (a) the orderly conduct of the Council and Assembly respectively :
- (b) the regulation of the proceedings thereof and the dispatch of business therein :
- (c) the manner in which the Council and Assembly shall be presided over in case of the absence of the President or Speaker :
- (d) the mode in which the Council and Assembly shall confer, correspond, and communicate with each other relative to votes or Bills passed by or pending in the Council and Assembly respectively :
- (e) the proper passing, intituling, and numbering of the Bills to be introduced into and passed by the Council and Assembly :
- (f) the proper presentation of the same to the Governor for the time being, for His Majesty's assent.

(2) All such rules and orders shall, by the Council and Assembly respectively, be laid before the Governor, and, being by him approved, shall become binding and of force.

*Governor's Message.*  
2, 1855-6, s. 28.

**56.** It shall be lawful for the Governor to transmit, by message, to the Council or Assembly, for their consideration, any amendment which he desires to be made in any Bill

*Constitution Act.—1934.*

## PART II.

presented to him for His Majesty's assent, and all such amendments shall be taken into consideration, in such convenient manner, as is provided in that behalf by the standing rules and orders.

**57.** (1) When any bill has passed its second reading in either House of Parliament, but has not been finally disposed of at the close of the session, the bill shall not necessarily lapse by prorogation, but may, in the next session of the same Parliament, be restored to the stage reached in the previous session, and thereafter proceeded with as if no prorogation had intervened.

Restoration of  
lapsed bills.  
579, 1893,  
ss. 1 and 2.

(2) The restoration provided for in this section shall be effected by carrying a motion that the bill be restored to the notice paper; and every such motion shall be put to the vote without debate, unless otherwise provided by the standing orders of the House in which the motion is made.

**58.** (1) The salary of the President of the Legislative Council shall be at least equal to the salary of the Speaker of the House of Assembly; and the salaries and allowances of the officers of the Legislative Council shall be the same as those of the corresponding officers of the House of Assembly.

Provision as  
to President,  
Speaker, and  
officers.  
2, 1855-6, s. 37.

(2) The Chief Clerk for the time being of the Legislative Council, and of the House of Assembly shall respectively be removable from office only in accordance with a vote of the House of which he is an officer.

**59.** It shall not be lawful for either House of the Parliament to pass any vote, resolution, or bill for the appropriation of any part of the Revenue, or of any tax, rate, duty, or impost, for any purpose which has not been first recommended by the Governor to the House of Assembly during the session in which such vote, resolution, or bill is passed.

Governor's  
recommendation  
for money  
votes.  
2, 1855-6, s. 40.

*Money Bills.*

**60.** (1) In this and the next three sections the expressions "revenue," "public money," "taxation," and "loan" respectively do not include any revenue, money, taxation, or loan raised by local authorities or bodies for local purposes.

Interpretation  
of secs. 60-63.  
1148, 1913,  
s. 21.

(2) For the purposes of this and the next three sections a bill, or a clause of a bill, shall not be taken to appropriate revenue or public money, or to deal with taxation, by reason only of its containing provisions for the imposition or appropriation of fines or other pecuniary penalties, or for the demand or payment or appropriation of fees for licences or fees for services under the proposed Act.

(3) For the purposes of the said sections a bill, or a clause of a bill, shall be taken to deal with taxation if it provides for the imposition, repeal, remission, alteration, or regulation of taxation.

(4) In the said sections—

“ appropriation bill ” means a bill for appropriating revenue or other public money :

“ money bill ” means a bill for appropriating revenue or other public money, or for dealing with taxation, or for raising or guaranteeing any loan, or for providing for the repayment of any loan :

“ money clause ” means a clause of a bill, which clause appropriates revenue or other public money, or deals with taxation, or provides for raising or guaranteeing any loan or for the repayment of any loan :

“ previously authorised purpose ” means—

(a) a purpose which has been previously authorised by Act of Parliament or by resolution passed by both Houses of Parliament ; or

(b) a purpose for which any provision has been made in the votes of the Committee of Supply whereon an appropriation bill previously passed was founded.

Origin of  
money bills  
and money  
clauses.  
1148, 1913,  
s. 23.

**61.** A money bill, or a money clause, shall originate only in the House of Assembly.

Power of  
Council as to  
money clauses.  
1148, 1913, s.  
24.

**62.** (1) The Legislative Council may not amend any money clause.

(2) Subject to subsection (3) of this section, the Council may return to the House of Assembly any bill containing a money clause with a suggestion to omit or amend such clause or to insert additional money clauses, or may send to the Assembly a bill containing suggested money clauses requesting, by message, that effect be given to the suggestion ; and the Assembly may, if it thinks fit, make any omission or amendment, or insertion so suggested, with or without modifications.

(3) Subsection (2) of this section applies to a money clause contained in an appropriation bill only when such clause contains some provision appropriating revenue or other public money for some purpose other than a previously authorised purpose or dealing with some matter other than the appropriation of revenue or other public money.

*Constitution Act.—1934.*

## PART II.

(4) When, under subsection (2) of this section, the Council sends to the Assembly a bill containing suggested money clauses, such clauses shall be printed in erased type, and shall not be deemed to form part of the bill.

**63.** A bill for appropriating revenue or other public money for any previously authorised purpose shall not contain any provision appropriating revenue or other public money for any purpose other than a previously authorised purpose.

Restriction on contents of ordinary appropriation bill.  
1148, 1913, s. 25.

**64.** No infringement or non-observance of any provision of the preceding three sections shall be held to affect the validity of any Act assented to by the Governor.

Validity of Acts assented to.  
1148, 1913, s. 27.

## PART III.

## PART III.

## THE EXECUTIVE.

**65.** (1) The number of Ministers of the Crown shall not exceed six.

Number of Ministers, and salaries payable.  
959, 1908 s. 20.  
1492, 1921, s. 3.

(2) The Ministers of the Crown shall respectively bear such titles and fill such ministerial offices as the Governor from time to time appoints, and not more than four of the Ministers shall at one time be members of the House of Assembly.

(3) The total salaries to be paid to the Ministers of the Crown shall not exceed seven thousand seven hundred and fifty pounds per annum.

**66.** (1) No person shall hold any of the offices following—that is to say, Chief Secretary, Treasurer, Commissioner of Crown Lands and Immigration, and Commissioner of Public Works, for any longer period than three calendar months, unless he is a member of Parliament.

Ministerial officers.  
2, 1855-6, s. 32,  
5, 1873.

(2) If any person who is not a member of Parliament is appointed to the office of Attorney-General, he shall hold office only so long as the ministry of which he is a member continues.

(3) The persons for the time being holding the offices of Chief Secretary, Attorney-General, Treasurer, Commissioner of Crown Lands and Immigration, and Commissioner of Public Works, shall *ex officio* be members of the Executive Council.

**67.** (1) Whenever any Minister of the Crown, through ill health, temporary absence from the seat of Government or from the State, or other like cause, is unable to perform

Appointment of Acting Ministers.  
16, 1873, s. 1.

## PART III.

*Constitution Act.—1934.*

the duties of his office, the Governor in Council may issue a Commission under his hand and the public seal of the State nominating and appointing one of the Ministers as Acting Minister in the place of the Minister unable to perform the duties of his office, during such inability.

(2) From and after the issue of the Commission, and during the continuance thereof, the Minister therein nominated and appointed shall have, exercise, possess, and enjoy all the powers, authorities, and discretions, and shall do and fulfil the acts and functions of the Minister in whose place and office he has been so nominated and appointed in as full, complete, and effectual a manner as the Minister in whose place and office he has been so appointed could have exercised, done, or fulfilled the same.

(3) No Minister who accepts the office conferred by any such Commission shall thereby accept, or be deemed to have thereby accepted, an office of profit within the meaning of this Act.

Appointment  
of officers.  
2, 1855-6,  
s. 29.

**68.** The appointment to all public offices under the Government of the State, whether such offices be salaried or not, shall be vested in the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, except the appointment of the officers required by this Act to be members of Parliament, the appointment and dismissal of which officers shall be vested in the Governor alone: Provided that this section shall not extend to minor appointments, which by statute or by order of the Governor in Council are vested in Heads of Departments, or other officers or persons within the State.

Powers of  
Governor's  
Deputy.  
1072, 1910,  
ss. 2 and 3.

**69.** (1) During the temporary absence of the Governor from the seat of Government or from the State all the powers and authorities conferred upon or vested in him by any statutory or other law or usage of the State, as well as the powers and authorities conferred upon or vested in him by the Letters Patent, shall and may be exercised, performed, and executed by the person appointed by him to be his Deputy during such absence, subject, nevertheless, to anything expressed in the instrument appointing such Deputy.

(2) In this and the next succeeding section—

“the Letters Patent” means the Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date the twenty-ninth day of October, one thousand nine hundred, whereby permanent provision was made for the office of Governor in and for the State of South Australia and its dependencies in the Commonwealth of Australia.

*Constitution Act.—1934.*

## PART III.

70. During such time as the powers and authorities granted to the Governor by the Letters Patent are vested in the Lieutenant-Governor, or any other person who is appointed to administer the Government of the State, the provisions of the preceding section shall apply to the person appointed to be the Deputy of the Lieutenant-Governor, or of the person appointed to administer the Government as aforesaid, during his temporary absence from the seat of Government or from the State, subject nevertheless to anything expressed in the instrument appointing such Deputy.

Power of deputy of Lieutenant-Governor or Administrator  
1072, 1910,  
s. 4.

71. No officer of the Government shall be bound to obey any order of the Governor involving any expenditure of public money, nor shall any warrant for the payment of money, or any appointment to or dismissal from office be valid, except as provided in this Act, unless the order, warrant, appointment, or dismissal is signed by the Governor, and countersigned by the Chief Secretary.

Signature and counter-signature of certain orders, warrants, &c.  
2, 1855-6, s. 33

72. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, the Governor may, without any authority except this Act, appropriate by warrant to the public service within the State, such amount or amounts of the revenue of the State as it may be necessary to apply for the said service before obtaining the advice and consent of Parliament in that behalf :

Power of Governor to appropriate revenue.  
1065, 1911, s. 3.

Provided that—

- (a) the amounts so appropriated in any financial year shall not exceed in the aggregate two hundred thousand pounds; and
- (b) of such amount not more than fifty thousand pounds shall be so appropriated in any financial year, except for purposes mentioned in the estimates of expenditure for such year, or, if such estimates have not at the time of the appropriation been laid on the table of the House of Assembly, for purposes mentioned in the estimates of expenditure for the next preceding financial year.

(2) The money which the Governor is by this section authorised to appropriate is herein referred to as “the Governor’s Appropriation Fund”.

(3) If Parliament is not in session at the beginning of a financial year, and the Governor, during such year and before the commencement of the first session in such year, makes provision for the Public Service within the said State by appropriating money from the Governor’s Appropriation Fund, then the money so appropriated may be recouped to the Governor’s Appropriation Fund out of the money voted by any Supply Act or Acts for such year, to the intent that the Governor shall

## PART III.

*Constitution Act.—1934.*

thereafter have power to appropriate revenue under the authority of subsection (1) of this section to the extent and for the purposes permitted by that subsection: Provided that not more than a total amount of fifty thousand pounds shall in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (1) and this subsection be appropriated in any financial year except for purposes mentioned in the estimates of expenditure for such year, or, if such estimates have not at the time of the appropriation been laid on the table of the House of Assembly, for purposes mentioned in the estimates of expenditure for the next preceding financial year.

Salary of  
the Governor.  
1548, 1922,  
ss. 2, 3, 5.

**73.** (1) The salary payable to the Governor shall be at the rate of five thousand pounds a year.

(2) There shall be payable to His Majesty every financial year out of the general revenue of the State for payment of the salary of the Governor, the sum of five thousand pounds.

(3) Notwithstanding the Taxation Act, 1927, the salary of the Governor provided for by this section shall be exempt from taxation under that Act.

## PART IV.

## PART IV.

## THE JUDICIARY.

Tenure of  
office of  
Judges.  
2, 1855-6, s. 30.

**74.** The Commissions of all Judges of the Supreme Court shall be and remain in full force during their good behaviour, notwithstanding the demise of the King or of His Heirs and Successors, and notwithstanding any law, usage, or practice to the contrary.

Removal  
from office  
of Judges.  
2, 1855-6, s. 31.

**75.** It shall be lawful for the King, His Heirs and Successors, to remove any Judge of the Supreme Court upon the address of both Houses of the Parliament.

In the name and on behalf of His Majesty, I hereby  
assent to this Bill.

W. DUGAN, Governor.



*Constitution Act.—1934.*

## SCHEDULES.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.  
ACTS REPEALED.

Number of Act.	Title of Act.	Extent of Repeal.
No. 2 of 1855-6 ...	The Constitution Act .....	The whole
No. 19 of 1869-70 ..	An Act to prevent Public Contractors being returned to or sitting or voting in Parliament .....	Do.
No. 14 of 1872 ...	An Act to repeal The Parliamentary Privilege Act and to make other provisions in lieu thereof ...	Do.
No. 5 of 1873 ....	The Constitution Amendment Act, 1873 .....	Do.
No. 16 of 1873 ...	An Act to enable His Excellency the Governor to appoint Acting Ministers of the Crown in certain cases .....	Do.
No. 28 of 1873 ...	An Act to increase the salaries of the Judges of the Supreme Court and of certain Officers of the Civil Service, of the Province of South Australia ....	Do.
No. 430 of 1888 ..	An Act to amend an Act No. 14 of 1872, intituled "An Act to Repeal the Parliamentary Privilege Act, and to make other provisions in lieu thereof"	Do.
No. 453 of 1889 ..	An Act to amend the Civil List .....	Do.
No. 492 of 1889 ..	An Act to alter the Boundaries of certain Electoral Districts and Divisions, and for other purposes ..	Do.
No. 496 of 1890 ..	The Officers of Parliament Act .....	Do.
No. 579 of 1893 ..	The Lapsed Bills Continuance Act.....	Do.
No. 581 of 1893 ..	An Act to alter the Boundaries of the Electoral Districts and Divisions of Albert and Onkaparinga	Do.
No. 613 of 1894 ..	The Constitution Amendment, 1894 .....	Do.
No. 636 of 1895 ..	An Act to alter the Boundaries of the Electoral Districts and Divisions of Burra and Stanley....	Do.
No. 637 of 1895 ..	An Act to alter the Boundaries of the Electoral Districts and Divisions of Gumeracha and Albert	Do.
No. 731 of 1899 ..	The Constitution Amendment Act, 1899 .....	Do.
No. 790 of 1902 ..	An Act to amend "The Constitution Amendment Act, 1899" .....	Do.
No. 876 of 1904 ..	The Electoral Laws Amendment Act, 1904 .....	s. 4 (2)
No. 959 of 1908 ..	The Constitution Amendment Act, 1908 .....	The whole
No. 1029 of 1910 ..	The Constitution Amendment Act, 1910 .....	Do.
No. 1065 of 1911 ..	The Governor's Appropriation Act, 1911 .....	Do.
No. 1072 of 1911-12	The Deputy Governor's Powers Act, 1910 .....	Do.
No. 1087 of 1912 ..	The Governor's Appropriation Act Amendment Act, 1912 .....	Do.
No. 1148 of 1913 ..	The Constitution Further Amendment Act, 1913 ..	Do.
No. 1167 of 1914 ..	The Governor's Appropriation Act Further Amendment Act, 1914 .....	Do.
No. 1210 of 1915 ..	Governor's Appropriation Act Further Amendment Act, 1915 .....	Do.
No. 1335 of 1918 ..	Constitution Amendment (War Service Franchise) Act, 1918 .....	Do.
No. 1446 of 1920 ..	Electoral Code Further Amendment Act, 1920 ...	ss. 53, 54
No. 1492 of 1921 ..	Constitution Amendment (Ministers Salaries) Act, 1921.....	Do.
No. 1548 of 1922 ..	Governor's Salary Act, 1922 .....	Do.
No. 1929 of 1929 ..	Electoral Act, 1929 .....	s. 192
No. 2141 of 1933 ..	Constitution (Quinquennial Parliament) Act, 1933.	ss. 53, 54

## THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL ELECTORAL DISTRICTS.

CENTRAL ELECTORAL DISTRICT No. 1 (4 members).—Comprising the Electoral Divisions of Adelaide, North Adelaide, Port Adelaide, and West Torrens.

CENTRAL ELECTORAL DISTRICT No. 2 (4 members).—Comprising the Electoral Divisions of Sturt and East Torrens.

SOUTHERN ELECTORAL DISTRICT (4 members).—Comprising the Electoral Divisions of Victoria, Albert, Alexandra, and Murray.

MIDLAND ELECTORAL DISTRICT (4 members).—Comprising the Electoral Divisions of Barossa, Wooroora, Wallaroo, and Yorke Peninsula.

NORTHERN ELECTORAL DISTRICT (4 members).—Comprising the Electoral Divisions of Port Pirie, Stanley, Burra Burra, Newcastle, and Flinders.

*Constitution Act.—1934.*

## THE THIRD SCHEDULE.

## HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY ELECTORAL DISTRICTS.

ADELAIDE DISTRICT (3 members).—Comprising South Adelaide and the Park Lands bounding the same, and bounded on the north by the centre of the River Torrens; on the south by the northern side of road north of preliminary sections, 6,239, and 254, Hundred of Adelaide; on the east by the western side of road west of preliminary sections 256, 255, 262, and 263; and on the west by the eastern side of road east of preliminary section 1 and portion of preliminary section 2, and the eastern side of closed road east of portion of preliminary section 2, and preliminary sections 3, 4, and 5,

NORTH ADELAIDE DISTRICT (2 members).—Commencing at the north-east corner of the Electoral District of Adelaide; thence generally in a westerly direction along the northern boundary of the Electoral District of Adelaide, to the north-west corner of the said Electoral District; thence north-easterly along the north-western boundary of the Park Lands to a point south-east of the east corner of preliminary section 354, Hundred of Yatala; thence in a north-westerly direction to said corner, along portion of the north-eastern boundary of said section, the eastern boundary of preliminary section 2066, the eastern and northern boundaries of section 374, the western side of road west of section 375, and the southern side of road south of section 395; thence northerly along the eastern boundaries of sections 2068 and 396, to the south-eastern corner of section 397; thence easterly to the south-east corner of section 378; thence northerly to the north-east corner of section 379; thence easterly to the north-east corner of section 354 and across the road to the west boundary of section 343; thence southerly to the north-west corner of section 345; thence easterly to the north-east corner of section 328 and across the road to the west boundary of preliminary section 480; thence southerly along the western boundary of said section to its south-west corner; thence north-easterly along portion of its south-eastern boundary to a point opposite the north corner of section 477; thence south-south-easterly to said corner and along the eastern boundary of said section to the centre of the River Torrens; thence generally in a south-westerly direction by the centre of said river to the point of commencement.

PORT ADELAIDE DISTRICT (2 members).—Commencing at a point on the sea coast, west of the north-west corner of section 1006, Hundred of Yatala; thence east to said corner, and along the northern boundary of said section and northerly along the western boundary of section 452, and across the road to the south-west corner of section 902; thence in an easterly direction along the southern boundaries of sections 902, 439, 434, 227, 424, and across the road to the western boundary of preliminary section 409; thence southerly along portion of the western boundary of said section to the northern corner of preliminary section 410; thence south-easterly along portion of the north-eastern boundary of said preliminary section to the south-western corner of preliminary section 396; thence northerly along the western boundary of said section, and its production across the Port Road to the south-western boundary of preliminary section 398; thence south-easterly along portion of the south-western boundary of preliminary section 398, the south-western boundaries of preliminary sections 397, 388, and 387 to the western corner of preliminary section 376; thence north-easterly along the north-western boundary of said section and across the road to the south-western side of section 396; thence south-easterly along portion of the south-western boundary of section 396 and section 2068 to the western boundary of the Electoral District of North Adelaide; thence northerly along the eastern boundaries of sections 2068 and 396 to the south-east corner of section 397; thence easterly to the south-east corner of section 378; thence northerly to the north-east corner of section 379; thence easterly to the north-east corner of section 354; thence northerly along the western side of road west of sections 342 and 337 to the south-eastern corner of the Hundred of Port Adelaide, and northerly along its eastern boundary to the centre of the Dry Creek and Northfield Railway; thence in a westerly, south-westerly, and westerly direction following said railway line, passing through section 989 along the centre of the Adelaide and Gawler Railway Line and the centre of the Port Adelaide Loop Line to the south-western side of the North Arm Road; thence north-westerly along said side of road to the south-eastern side of the creek north-west of part preliminary section 2019; thence north-easterly along said creek; thence in a north-easterly and northerly direction along the south-eastern and eastern sides of the creek east of Garden and Torrens Islands to a point west of the west corner of section 3502, thence west to the eastern side of Torrens Island; thence north-westerly along the north-eastern side of the said Island to its northern extremity; thence in a south-westerly direction to Point Grey; thence south to Snapper Point; thence in a westerly direction along the northern side of LeFevre's Peninsula; and thence in a south-easterly direction following the eastern shore of Gulf St. Vincent to the point of commencement, and including reclaimed area block 30 and all jetties and baths along the sea-coast.

WEST TORRENS DISTRICT (2 members).—Commencing at a point on the sea-coast, being the intersection of the production west of the north boundary of preliminary section 184, Hundred of Noarlunga; thence easterly to the north-western corner of said section, along its northern boundary, and southerly along the eastern boundary of said section to the northern side of Anzac Highway; thence in an easterly and north-easterly direction along the northern and north-western sides of said Highway

*Constitution Act.—1934.*

to the western boundary of the Electoral District of Adelaide; thence in a northerly direction along the western boundary of said Electoral District to the south-western corner of the Electoral District of North Adelaide; thence generally in a north-easterly, northerly, and westerly direction along the north-western portions of the western and southern boundaries of said Electoral District to the south boundary of the Electoral District of Port Adelaide (south corner of section 2068, Hundred of Yatala); thence generally in a north-westerly, south-westerly, and westerly direction along the south-western, south-eastern, and portion of the southern boundaries of the Electoral District of Port Adelaide to its south-western corner; thence generally in a southerly direction along the sea-coast to the point of commencement, and including the jetties along the sea-coast.

**STURT DISTRICT** (3 members).—Commencing at the south-western corner of the Electoral District of Adelaide; thence easterly along portion of the southern boundary of said Electoral District to the north-eastern side of the Adelaide and Mount-Barker Main Road; thence generally in a south-easterly and easterly direction along the north-eastern and northern side of said main road to the north-western corner of section 1286, Hundred of Adelaide; thence southerly and easterly along the western and southern boundaries of section 1286 to the south-western corner of section 1006; thence easterly and south-easterly along the northern and north-eastern sides of the Adelaide and Mount Barker Main Road to its intersection with the eastern boundary of the Hundred of Adelaide; thence in a southerly, south-westerly, and north-westerly direction along the boundary between the Hundreds of Adelaide and Noarlunga to the eastern side of the Main South Road near the north boundary of section 77; thence southerly along the eastern side of said main road to its intersection with the north boundary of section 524, Hundred of Noarlunga; thence westerly along the north boundaries of sections 524, 523, through preliminary section 519, and along the north boundaries of sections 521, 520, 519, 574, 573, and across the road to the eastern boundary of section 572; thence north to the north-eastern corner of said section; thence west along the north boundary of section 572 and its production to the sea-coast; thence in a northerly direction along the sea-coast to the south-western corner of the Electoral District of West Torrens; thence easterly and southerly by the boundaries of said Electoral District to the northern side of the Anzac Highway (section 183); thence easterly and north-easterly following the southern and south-eastern boundaries of the Electoral District of West Torrens to the point of commencement, and including the jetties and baths along the sea-coast.

**EAST TORRENS DISTRICT** (3 members).—Commencing at the south-eastern corner of the Electoral District of Adelaide; thence westerly along portion of the south boundary of said Electoral District to the north-eastern corner of the Electoral District of Sturt; thence generally in a south-easterly and easterly direction along portions of the north-eastern and northern boundaries of said district to the north-western corner of section 1286, Hundred of Adelaide; thence north-easterly and north-westerly along the south-eastern and north-eastern boundaries of section 1284 to its north-eastern corner; thence northerly and easterly along the western and northern boundaries of section 1001 to the north-eastern corner of said section; thence southerly and easterly along the western boundary of section 1053 and the south boundaries of sections 1053 and 1054 to the south-eastern corner of the latter section; thence northerly to the north-eastern corner of said section; thence north-easterly to the south-eastern corner of section 1056; thence northerly to the north-eastern corner of section 1057; thence easterly along the northern boundaries of sections 1176, 1177, 1178, and 1179 to the north-eastern corner of the latter section; thence northerly to the north-western corner of section 1180; thence easterly to the south-eastern corner of section 1109; thence northerly and easterly along the western boundaries of sections 1107 and 484, and the northern boundary of the latter section to the north-eastern corner of part section 1105; thence northerly to the north corner of section 1106; thence south-easterly to the west corner of section 856; thence north-easterly and north-westerly, along the south-eastern and north-eastern boundaries of section 855 to the south-west corner of section 991; thence north-easterly to the western corner of section 981; thence north-westerly and northerly along the south-western boundary of section 826, the western boundaries of sections 826, 827, and across the road to the southern boundary of section 997; thence in a westerly and north-easterly direction along the southern and north-western boundaries of said section to the boundary between the Hundreds of Onkaparinga and Adelaide; thence in a north-easterly and north-westerly direction following said hundred boundary to the centre of the River Torrens; thence generally in a westerly and south-westerly direction following the centre of the River Torrens to the eastern boundary of the Electoral District of North Adelaide; thence generally in a south-westerly and southerly direction along the south-eastern boundary of said Electoral District and the eastern boundary of the Electoral District of Adelaide to the point of commencement.

**VICTORIA DISTRICT** (2 members).—Comprising the Counties of Grey, Robe, and MacDonnell, and that portion of County Buckingham south of the northern boundary of the Hundreds of Senior, Cannawigara, Pendleton, and Stirling, and that portion of County Cardwell south of the southern boundary of the Hundred of Coombe, and of a straight line from the south-western corner of said hundred to the north-eastern corner of the Hundred of Santo, and south of the northern boundary of said hundred, and including the lighthouse on Cape Jaffa Reef, the jetties along the sea-coast; also Penguin Island.

*Constitution Act.—1934.*

**ALBERT DISTRICT** (2 members).—Bounded on the east by the eastern boundary of the State, on the south by the northern boundary of the Electoral District of Victoria, on the south-west by the sea-coast, on the north-west, west, and north by the boundaries described, as follows :—Commencing at the southern corner of the Hundred of Nangkita ; thence north-easterly along the south-eastern boundaries of Counties of Hindmarsh and Sturt to Pomanda Point ; thence north-easterly and north-westerly along the south-eastern and north-eastern boundaries of the Hundred of Brinkley to the south-eastern corner of the Hundred of Mobilong ; thence easterly and northerly along the southern and eastern boundaries of the Hundred of Burdett to the southern boundary of the Hundred of Younghusband ; thence easterly along said hundred boundary to the western boundary of the Hundred of Bowhill ; thence southerly and easterly along the western and southern boundaries of said hundred to its south-eastern corner ; thence northerly along the eastern boundaries of the Hundreds of Bowhill and Forster to the south-eastern corner of the Hundred of Nildottie ; thence westerly along the northern boundary of the Hundred of Forster to the eastern boundary of County of Sturt ; thence generally in a northerly direction along portions of the eastern boundaries of Counties Sturt and Eyre to the north-eastern corner of the Hundred of Hay ; thence easterly and northerly along the southern and eastern boundaries of the Hundred of Cadell and portion of the eastern boundary of the Hundred of Stuart to the south-western corner of section 26, Hundred of Markaranka ; thence easterly and northerly along the southern and portion of the eastern boundaries of said section to the north-western corner of block L ; thence south-easterly along the north-eastern boundaries of block L and sections 11 and 14 to the eastern corner of the latter section ; thence easterly along the northern boundaries of sections 17, 6, 4, 13, 7, 10 and 12, Hundred of Poojinook, sections 30 and 31, Hundred of Parcoola, and said boundary produced to the western boundary of County Hamley ; thence northerly and easterly along the western and northern boundaries of the said county to the eastern boundary of the State.

**ALEXANDRA DISTRICT** (3 members).—Commencing at the south-western corner of the Electoral District of Sturt ; thence generally in a southerly, south-westerly, and easterly direction following the sea-coast to the western corner of the Electoral District of Albert ; thence north-easterly and north-westerly along the north-western and portion of the south-western boundaries of said Electoral District to the south-eastern corner of the Hundred of Mobilong ; thence westerly along the northern boundaries of the Hundreds of Brinkley and Freeling to the north-eastern corner of County Hindmarsh ; thence north-westerly and south-westerly along the north-eastern and north-western boundaries of County Hindmarsh to the centre of the Adelaide and Nairne Railway Line ; thence generally in a north-westerly and south-westerly direction along the centre of the said railway line to the north-western side of the Adelaide and Woodside Main Road ; thence in a south-westerly direction along said side of road to its intersection with the Adelaide and Mount Barker Main Road ; thence south-westerly and north-westerly along the north-western and north-eastern sides of said road through section 82, Hundred of Noarlunga, south of sections 81 and 90, and through the reserve to the south-eastern boundary of section 1141 ; thence in a south-westerly and north-westerly direction along the south-eastern boundaries of sections 1141, 1142, and 43, and the north-eastern side of Adelaide and Mount Barker Main Road, south-west of section 43, through sections 2797 and 19, to the eastern boundary of the Electoral District of Sturt ; thence generally in a southerly, south-westerly, and north-westerly direction following the eastern, south-eastern, and south-western boundaries of the said Electoral District to the eastern side of the Main South Road, near the north boundary of section 77, Hundreds of Adelaide and Noarlunga ; thence generally in a southerly and westerly direction following portions of the eastern and southern boundaries of the Electoral District of Sturt to the point of commencement, together with the whole of Kangaroo Island, Granite Island, Wright Island, West Island, and all other islands adjacent to the said Electoral District, and including jetties and baths along the sea-coast.

**MURRAY DISTRICT** (3 members).—Comprising the Hundreds of Burdett, Younghusband, Bowhill, Forster, Ridley, Angas, Finnis, Mobilong, Monarto, Kanmantoo, Tungkillo, Jutland, Para Wirra and Talunga, together with that portion of the Hundred of Noarlunga north of the northern boundary of the Electoral District of Alexandra, that portion of Hundred of Adelaide east of the north-eastern boundary of the Electoral District of Sturt, and the eastern boundary of the Electoral District of East Torrens, and that portion of the Hundred of Yatala east of the following boundary, commencing at a point on the centre of the River Torrens being the production southerly through section 719 of the eastern boundary of preliminary section 508, northerly along said production and boundary, westerly along portion of northern boundary of said section, northerly along eastern boundaries of preliminary sections 504 and 313 to centre of Dry Creek ; thence south-easterly and north-easterly along said creek to the eastern boundary of part section 1566 ; thence north to the north-east corner of section 3002 ; thence northerly by a straight line to the south corner of section 3045, Hundred of Yatala ; thence north-easterly by the north-western side of road south-east of sections 3045 and 2136 to the centre of the Little Para River.

**BAROSSA DISTRICT** (3 members).—Commencing at the south-western corner of the Hundred of Inkerman ; thence south-easterly along portion of the north-eastern shore of Gulf St. Vincent to the northern corner of the Electoral District of Port Adelaide ;

*Constitution Act.—1934.*

thence generally in a southerly and easterly direction along portions of the eastern and northern boundaries of the Electoral District of Port Adelaide to the north-eastern corner of said Electoral District; thence southerly along portions of the eastern boundaries of the Electoral Districts of Port Adelaide and North Adelaide, and easterly along portion of the northern boundary of the latter Electoral District to its north-eastern corner (in preliminary section 480, Hundred of Yatala); thence southerly, north-easterly, and south-south-easterly along portions of the eastern, north-western, and north-eastern boundaries of the Electoral District of North Adelaide to the north-western boundary of the Electoral District of East Torrens; thence generally in a north-easterly direction along the north-western boundary of the Electoral District of East Torrens to the south-western corner of the Electoral District of Murray (production of east boundary of preliminary section 508, Hundred of Yatala to the centre of River Torrens); thence generally in a northerly, north-easterly, and easterly direction, along portion of the western, north-western, and northern boundaries of the Electoral District of Murray, to the western boundary of the Electoral District of Albert; thence northerly along portion of the western boundary of said District to the north-east corner of the Hundred of Skurray; thence west by the north boundaries of the Hundreds of Skurray and Anna to the east boundary of the Hundred of Dutton; thence south and west along portion of the east and south boundaries of said hundred to the east boundary of the Hundred of Belvidere; thence southerly and south-westerly along portion of the eastern and south-eastern boundaries of the Hundred of Belvidere to the north-east corner of the Hundred of Nuriootpa; thence westerly to the north-western corner of section 48 in said hundred; thence southerly to its south-western corner; thence westerly along the northern boundary of section 158 and across the road to the eastern boundary of section 756; thence southerly to the south-eastern corner of section 757; thence westerly along its southern boundary across the road and southerly along the eastern boundaries of sections 138, 176, and 213 to the south-eastern corner of the latter section; thence westerly along the southern boundary of section 213 and southerly along the western boundaries of sections 197 and 196 to the south-western corner of the latter section; thence westerly to the south-eastern corner of section 115; thence generally in a south-westerly direction along the western and north-western sides of roads west of sections 237, 83, north and west of section 511, through section 515, north-west of section 556, north and west of section 615, and west of section 680 to the south-eastern corner of section 626; thence westerly along the southern boundary of said section and southerly along the western boundary of section 1799 to the south-western corner of the latter section; thence westerly to the south-eastern corner of section 1681; thence southerly along the eastern boundaries of sections 1690 and 1697 and westerly along the southern boundary of the latter section to its south-western corner; thence southerly along the eastern boundary of section 804 and westerly along the southern boundary of said section and across the road to the eastern boundary of section 37; thence southerly along said boundary and its production to the centre of the North Para River; thence in a westerly direction by the centre of said river to its intersection with the western boundary of the Hundred of Nuriootpa; thence northerly along the western boundaries of the Hundreds of Nuriootpa and Light to the centre of the River Light; thence in a westerly and south-westerly direction along the centre of said river to the south-western corner of the Hundred of Alma; thence north-north-westerly along the eastern boundary of the Hundred of Grace to the south-eastern corner of the Hundred of Dalkey; thence westerly along the southern boundaries of the Hundreds of Dalkey, Balaklava, and Inkerman to the point of commencement.

WOOROORA DISTRICT (3 members).—Commencing at the north-eastern corner of the Hundred of Kulpara; thence southerly along the eastern boundaries of the Hundreds of Kulpara and Clinton to the sea-coast; thence generally in a south-easterly direction along portion of the north-eastern shore of the Gulf St. Vincent, to the north-western corner of the Electoral District of Barossa; thence generally in an easterly, southerly, and north-easterly direction along portions of the northern, eastern and north-western boundaries of said Electoral District to the south-western corner of the Hundred of Dutton; thence easterly, northerly, and easterly along portions of the northern, western, and northern boundaries of the Electoral District of Barossa to the western boundary of the Electoral District of Albert; thence northerly, easterly, and northerly along portions of the western, northern, and western boundaries of said Electoral District to its north-western corner; thence north and west along portion of the east and north boundaries of the Hundred of Stuart to the east boundary of the Hundred of Lindley; thence north by said hundred boundary, and west by the north boundaries of the Hundreds of Lindley and Msude to the north-east corner of the Hundred of Bunday; thence south by the east boundary of said hundred, and westerly along the southern boundaries of the Hundreds of Bunday, Bright, and Apoina to the north-eastern corner of the Hundred of Waterloo; thence southerly along portion of the eastern boundary of said hundred to the south-eastern corner of section 250; thence westerly along the southern boundaries of sections 250, 247, 246, 241, 240, 187, 1078, and across the road to the south-eastern corner of section 1077; thence southerly along portion of the eastern boundary of section 1076, to the south-eastern side of road running south-westerly through said section; thence south-westerly along said side of road and the north-western boundaries of sections 215, 266, 267 and portion of section 1093 to a point opposite the south-eastern corner of section 1092; thence to said corner, and north along the east boundary of section 1092 to its north-east corner; thence west along the north boundaries of sections 1092, 1091,

*Constitution Act.—1934.*

and 1090 to the north-eastern corner of the Hundred of Gilbert; thence westerly along the northern boundary of said hundred to the south-western corner of the Hundred of Saddleworth; thence northerly and north-easterly along the western and north-western boundaries of said hundred to a point south-south-easterly of the eastern corner of section 226, Hundred of Stanley; thence to said corner, and north-north-westerly along the eastern boundaries of sections 226 and 220, and westerly along the southern side of road north of sections 220, 219, and 308 and production through sections 307, 312 and 305 to the eastern side of the road closed April 15th, 1915; thence north-westerly along the north-eastern side of said closed road through section 305 to the south-eastern corner of section 33, Hundred of Upper Wakefield; thence west-south-westerly along the northern side of road, south-east of sections 33, 309, and 353, and north-north-westerly along the south-western boundaries of sections 353 and 192, and across the road to the south-western corner of section 191; thence west-south-westerly along the south-eastern boundaries of sections 190 and 587 to the south-western corner of the latter section; thence north-north-westerly along the western boundaries of sections 587, 593, and 585, and north-easterly along the north-western boundary of section 585 to the northern boundary of said section; thence west-south-westerly across the road and along the southern boundary of section 584, and north-north-westerly along the western boundary of said section to the southern boundary of the Hundred of Clare; thence westerly along the southern boundaries of the Hundreds of Clare and Blyth to the eastern boundary of the Hundred of Everard; thence south-easterly to the south-eastern corner of said hundred, and west along the south boundaries of the Hundred of Everard and portion of the Hundred of Cameron to the point of commencement, and including the jetties along the sea-coast.

WALLAROO DISTRICT (2 members).—Comprising the whole of the Hundred of Wallaroo, and the lighthouse on Tiparra Reef, also including the jetties along the sea-coast.

YORKE PENINSULA DISTRICT (2 members).—Comprising the whole of the County of Fergusson, the Hundreds of Tiparra, Clinton, Kulpara, Kadina, Ninnes, Wiltunga, and Tickera, the Althorpe Islands, and Troubridge Shoal, and including the jetties along the sea-coast.

PORT PIRIE DISTRICT (2 members).—Comprising that portion of the Hundred of Pirie, north of the following boundary:—Commencing at a point on the sea-coast west of the north-west corner of Block L; thence east to said corner and along the southern side of road north of blocks L and K, sections 777, 293, 338, 325, 328N, and 330 to the western boundary of the Hundred of Napperby, and including the wharves at Port Pirie.

STANLEY DISTRICT (2 members).—Comprising the whole of the Hundreds of Napperby, Howe, Booyoolie, Caltowie, Yangya, Reynolds, Bundaleer, Narridy, Crystal Brook, Wandearah, Muntoora, Redhill, Koolunga, Yackamoorundie, Andrews, Milne, Hart, Boucaut, Barunga, Wokurna, Cameron, Everard, Blyth, and Clare and that portion of the Hundred of Pirie south of the Electoral District of Port Pirie, also portions of the Hundreds of Upper Wakefield and Stanley not included in the Electoral District of Wooroora, and west of the boundaries described, as follows:—Commencing at the south-western corner of section 235, Hundred of Stanley; thence northerly along the eastern side of road east of sections 234, 2001, 355, and 341, and westerly along the northern side of road north of sections 341 and 340 to the south-western corner of section 587; thence northerly along the eastern side of road east of sections 409 and 393, and north-easterly along the south-eastern boundary of section 410 to the northern boundary of the hundred, also including the jetties along the sea-coast.

BURRA BURRA DISTRICT (3 members).—Commencing at the south-western corner of the Hundred of Winninowie; thence east and north along the south and east boundaries of said hundred to the north-west corner of the Hundred of Gregory; thence east along the south boundaries of the Hundreds of Willochra and Pinda, and north along portion of the east boundary of the latter hundred to the north-west corner of the Hundred of Coomooroo; thence east along the south boundaries of the Hundreds of Eurelia, Oladdie, and Yalpara to the south-west corner of the Hundred of Minburra; thence north along the west boundary of said hundred to the south boundary of the County of Granville; thence easterly along portion of the southern boundary of said county and the southern boundary of the County of Lytton and said boundary line produced to the east boundary of the State; thence south along portion of said boundary to the north-eastern corner of the Electoral District of Albert; thence west, south, and westerly along portions of the north, west, and northern boundaries of said Electoral District to the eastern boundary of the Electoral District of Wooroora; thence north and west along portion of the east and north boundaries of the Hundred of Stuart to the east boundary of the Hundred of Lindley; thence north by said hundred boundary and west by the north boundaries of the Hundreds of Lindley and Maude to the north-east corner of the Hundred of Bunday; thence south by the east boundary of said hundred, and westerly along the southern boundaries of the Hundreds of Bunday, Bright, and Apoinga to the north-eastern corner of the Hundred of Waterloo; thence southerly, westerly, northerly, and north-easterly along portions of the western, northern, eastern, and south-eastern boundaries of the Electoral District of Wooroora to a point on the south-eastern boundary of said Electoral District (east of the eastern corner of section 226, Hundred of

---

*Constitution Act.—1934.*

---

Stanley); thence generally in an easterly, northerly, and west-north-westerly direction along portions of the southern, eastern, and northern boundaries of the Electoral District of Stanley to the south-western corner of the Hundred of Hanson; thence generally in a northerly direction along the western boundaries of the Hundreds of Hanson, Ayers, and Anne, and westerly along the northern boundary of the Hundred of Reynolds to its north-west corner; thence northerly, westerly, and northerly along portions of the western southern, and western boundaries of the Hundred of Belalie to the north-eastern corner of the Hundred of Caltowie; thence west along the north boundaries of the Hundreds of Caltowie, Booyoolie, Howe, Napperby, and Piric to the sea-coast; thence generally in a north-westerly direction following the sea-coast to the point of commencement; also including the jetties along the sea-coast.

NEWCASTLE DISTRICT (2 members).—Comprising all that portion of the State north of the Electoral District of Burra Burra, east of portion of the western boundary of County Frome, and the western boundaries of Counties Newcastle, Blachford, and Taunton; north-east of the north-eastern side of Lake Torrens, east of a true north and south line through Yarra Wurta Cliff Trigonometrical Station, from Lake Torrens to the thirtieth parallel of south latitude north of portion of said latitude and east of the one hundred and thirty-fifth degree of east longitude, also including the Hundred of Copley and the wharves and jetties along the sea-coast.

FLINDERS DISTRICT (2 members).—Comprising the Counties of Flinders, Musgrave, and Jervois, and all that portion of the State to the westward of portion of Spencer's Gulf, and west of the Electoral District of Newcastle, with all other portions of the State not included in any other Electoral District, together with all islands west of the meridian of Cape Jervis except Kangaroo Island, Troubridge Shoal, The Althorpes, and Wauralteo Island, and including the jetties along the sea-coast.

*Constitution Act.—1934.*

CONSTITUTION ACT, 1934.

TABLE SHOWING HOW THE SECTIONS OF THE ACTS CONSOLIDATED HAVE BEEN DEALT WITH.

Section of Repealed Act.	Remarks.	Section of Consolidating Act.
The Constitution Act, 1855-6 . . . Preamble.	Omitted . . . . .	—
Ibid. . . . . s. 1	.....	4, 5
“ . . . . . s. 2	.....	6
“ . . . . . s. 3	.....	7, 28
“ . . . . . s. 4	Effect exhausted. Omitted . . . . .	—
“ . . . . . s. 5	As amended by 1148, 1913, s. 7 . . . . .	11, 12
“ . . . . . s. 6	Repealed by 1148, 1913, s. 5, and Schedule . . . . .	—
“ . . . . . s. 7	.....	23
“ . . . . . s. 8	Repealed by 236, 1881, s. 4 . . . . .	—
“ . . . . . s. 9	.....	24
“ . . . . . s. 10	.....	26
“ . . . . . s. 11	.....	16 (1)
“ . . . . . s. 12	.....	17
“ . . . . . s. 13	.....	43
“ . . . . . s. 14	As amended by 1148, 1913, s. 8 . . . . .	27, 29
“ . . . . . s. 15	Repealed by 876, 1904, s. 2 . . . . .	—
“ . . . . . s. 16	Re-enacted as regards House of Assembly by 876, 1904, s. 4; 1446, 1920, s. 53.	21, 22, 33
“ . . . . . s. 17	.....	45
“ . . . . . s. 18	.....	46
“ . . . . . s. 19	.....	34
“ . . . . . s. 20	.....	35
“ . . . . . s. 21	As amended by 959, 1908, s. 14; 1029, 1910, s. 9 . . . . .	37
“ . . . . . s. 22	Repealed by 959, 1908, s. 2 . . . . .	—
“ . . . . . s. 23	.....	30
“ . . . . . s. 24	.....	42 (3)
“ . . . . . s. 25	.....	31
“ . . . . . s. 26	Repealed by 667, 1896, s. 2 . . . . .	—
“ . . . . . s. 27	.....	55
“ . . . . . s. 28	.....	56
“ . . . . . s. 29	.....	68
“ . . . . . s. 30	.....	74
“ . . . . . s. 31	.....	75
“ . . . . . s. 32	As amended by 5, 1873 . . . . .	66 (1) and (3)
“ . . . . . s. 33	.....	71
“ . . . . . s. 34	.....	8
“ . . . . . s. 35	.....	9
“ . . . . . s. 36	.....	44
“ . . . . . s. 37	.....	58
“ . . . . . s. 38	Superseded by 5, 1873; 28, 1873 . . . . .	—
“ . . . . . s. 39	Operation exhausted . . . . .	—
“ . . . . . s. 40	.....	59
“ . . . . . s. 41	Operation exhausted . . . . .	—
“ . . . . . s. 42	Operation exhausted . . . . .	—
“ . . . . . s. 43	Short title . . . . .	—
“ . . . . . Schedule A.	Superseded . . . . .	—
“ . . . . . Schedule B.	Operation exhausted . . . . .	—
An Act to prevent Public Contractors being returned to or sitting or voting in Parliament, 1869-70 . . . Preamble	.....	—
Ibid. . . . . s. 1	.....	49
“ . . . . . s. 2	.....	50
“ . . . . . s. 3	.....	51 (a) and (b)
“ . . . . . s. 4	.....	51 (c) and (d)
“ . . . . . s. 5	.....	52
“ . . . . . s. 6	.....	53
“ . . . . . s. 7	.....	54



*Constitution Act.—1934.**Table Showing how the Sections of the Acts Consolidated have been dealt with.—continued*

Section of Repealed Act.	Remarks.	Section of Consolidating Act.
An Act to repeal "The Parliamentary Privilege Act," and to make other provisions in lieu thereof		
Preamble	.....	—
Ibid. .... s. 1	.....	38
" ..... s. 2	.....	40
" ..... s. 3	Repeal .....	—
The Constitution Amendment Act, 1873		
Preamble	.....	—
Ibid. .... s. 1	.....	66 (1) and (2)
" ..... s. 2	Superseded by 1492, 1921, s. 3 .....	—
" ..... s. 3	Superseded by 1492, 1921, s. 3 .....	—
" ..... s. 4	Incorporation .....	—
" ..... s. 5	Short title .....	—
" ..... s. 6	Commencement .....	—
The Schedule	Obsolete .....	—
An Act to enable His Excellency the Governor to appoint Acting Ministers of the Crown in certain cases, 1873		
Preamble	.....	—
Ibid. .... s. 1	.....	67
" ..... s. 2	Operation exhausted .....	—
An Act to increase the Salaries of the Judges of the Supreme Court and of certain Officers of the Civil Service, of the Province of South Australia... Preamble	.....	—
Ibid. .... s. 1	Superseded by 1503, 1922 .....	—
" .... The Schedule	Partly repealed by 453, 1889, and partly superseded by 1503, 1922, and 241, 1882 .....	—
An Act to amend an Act, No. 14 of 1872, intituled "An Act to Repeal the Parliamentary Privilege Act, and to make other provisions in lieu thereof" .....	Preamble .....	—
Ibid. .... section	.....	39
An Act to amend the Civil List .....	Preamble .....	—
Ibid. .... section ..	Repealing provision only .....	—
The Officers of Parliament Act, 1890		
Preamble	.....	—
Ibid. .... s. 1	.....	25 (1)
" ..... s. 2	.....	36 (1)
" ..... s. 3	.....	25 (2) and 36 (2)
" ..... s. 4	Incorporation .....	—
" ..... s. 5	Short title .....	—
The Lapsed Bills Continuance Act		
s. 1	.....	57 (1)
Ibid. .... s. 2	.....	57 (2)
" ..... s. 3	Short title .....	—
The Constitution Amendment, 1894 .....	.....	—
Ibid. .... s. 1	.....	48
" ..... s. 2	.....	48
" ..... s. 3	Amendment of other Acts .....	—
" ..... s. 4	Repealed by 667, 1896, s. 1 .....	—
" ..... s. 5	Short title .....	—



## Constitution Act.—1934.

Table Showing how the Sections of the Acts Consolidated have been dealt with—continued.

Section of Repealed Act.	Remarks.	Section of Consolidating Act.
The Governor's Appropriation Act Amendment Act, 1912 s. 1	Short titles .....	—
Ibid. .... s. 2	Incorporation.....	—
" ..... s. 3	.....	72 (2)
" ..... s. 4	.....	72 (3)
" ..... s. 5	Commencement of Act .....	—
The Constitution Further Amendment Act, 1913		
s. 1	Short title.....	—
Ibid. .... s. 2	Incorporation.....	—
" ..... s. 3	Arrangement of Act .....	—
" ..... s. 4	Definition .....	—
" ..... s. 5	Repeal.....	—
" ..... s. 6	.....	4
" ..... s. 7	.....	11
" ..... s. 8	.....	27
" ..... s. 9	.....	19
" ..... s. 10	.....	32 (1)
" ..... s. 11	.....	32 (2)
" ..... s. 12	Operation exhausted .....	—
" ..... s. 13	Amendment of 959, 1908, s. 11 .....	14
" ..... s. 14	Amendment of 959, 1908, s. 12 .....	15
" ..... s. 15	Operation exhausted .....	—
" ..... s. 16	Operation exhausted .....	—
" ..... s. 17	.....	20
" ..... s. 18	As amended by 1929, 1929, s. 192 .....	21
" ..... s. 19	Operation exhausted .....	—
" ..... s. 20	Superseded by 1446, 1920, s. 53.....	—
" ..... s. 21	.....	60
" ..... s. 22	Amendment of 2, 1855-6, s. 1 .....	—
" ..... s. 23	.....	61
" ..... s. 24	.....	62
" ..... s. 25	.....	63
" ..... s. 26	.....	10
" ..... s. 27	.....	64
" The First Schedule	Repealed Acts .....	—
" The Second Schedule .....	.....	Second Schedule
" The Third Schedule .....	.....	Third Schedule
The Governor's Appropriation Act Further Amendment Act, 1914		
s. 1	Short title.....	—
Ibid. .... s. 2	Incorporation.....	—
" ..... s. 3	Operation exhausted .....	—
Governor's Appropriation Act Further Amendment Act, 1915		
s. 1	Short title.....	—
Ibid. .... s. 2	Incorporation.....	—
" ..... s. 3	Operation exhausted .....	—
Constitution Amendment (War Service Franchise) Act, 1918 .....	Short title.....	—
Ibid. .... s. 2	Incorporation .....	—
" ..... s. 3	.....	20 (1) v.
" ..... s. 4	.....	20 (1)
" ..... s. 5	.....	21
Electoral Code Further Amendment Act, 1920		
s. 53	.....	33
Ibid. .... s. 54	.....	Third Schedule

*Constitution Act.—1934.**Table Showing how the Sections of the Acts Consolidated have been dealt with—continued.*

Section of Repealed Act.	Remarks.	Section of Consolidating Act.
Constitution Amendment (Ministers' Salaries) Act 1921..... s. 1	Short title.....	—
Ibid. .... s. 2	Incorporation.....	—
" ..... s. 3	.....	65
" ..... s. 4	Commencement of Act .....	—
Governor's Salary Act, 1922..... s. 1	Short title.....	—
Ibid. .... s. 2	.....	73 (1)
" ..... s. 3	.....	73 (2)
" ..... s. 4	Commencement of Act .....	—
" ..... s. 5	.....	73 (3)
Electoral Act, 1929, s. 192	.....	21
Constitution (Quinquennial Parliament) Act, 1933..... s. 1	Short title.....	—
Ibid. .... s. 2	Incorporation.....	—
" ..... s. 3	.....	28 (2)

The substance of Acts Nos. 462 of 1889, 581 of 1893, 636 of 1895, and 637 of 1895, being Acts for the alteration of certain electoral districts is incorporated in the Second and Third Schedules.