South Australia

Emergency Management (Prohibition of Certain Point of Care Tests No 3) (COVID-19) Direction 2020

under section 25 of the Emergency Management Act 2004

Preamble

- On 22 March 2020 I, Grantley Stevens, Commissioner of Police, being the State Co-ordinator for the State of South Australia pursuant to section 14 of the Emergency Management Act 2004 (the Act), declared pursuant to section 23 of the Act that a Major Emergency is occurring in respect of the outbreak of the Human Disease named COVID-19 within South Australia.
- Now I, Grantley Stevens, being of the opinion that this is necessary to achieve the purposes of the Act, give the following directions pursuant to section 25 of the Act.

1—Short title

This direction may be cited as the *Emergency Management (Prohibition of Certain Point of Care Test No 3) (COVID-19) Direction 2020.*

2—Revocation

- (1) This direction replaces the Emergency Management (Prohibition of Certain Point of Care Tests No 2) (COVID-19) Direction 2020.
- (2) The Emergency Management (Prohibition of Certain Point of Care Tests No 2) (COVID-19) Direction 2020 is revoked.

3—Definitions

(1) In this direction—

PCR test means— analysis of a combined oropharyngeal/nasal specimen taken by an appropriately trained and qualified health care worker to test for COVID-19 (also referred to as SARS-Co V-2) using Polymerase Chain Reaction;

Permitted setting means—

- (a) a public hospital;
- (b) a private hospital;
- (c) an ambulance service (including an ambulance service for transporting patients);
- (d) primary community healthcare facilities;
- (e) Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency (AHPRA) registered Specialist Medical practitioners working in a Specialist Outpatient Facility;

Note— a list of Specialties, Fields of Specialties Practice and Related Specialist Titles is available at the following link:

 $\underline{https://www.medicalboard.gov.au/Registration/Types/Specialist-Registration/Medical-Specialties-and-Specialty-Fields.aspx}$

- (f) private pathology centres;
- (g) private radiology centres (including breast screening centre);
- (h) defence health settings (including Garrison health centres, deployed and exercise health support and clinical health training);
- (i) Aboriginal community controlled health services;

primary community healthcare facility means—

- (a) general practice clinics;
- (b) dental clinics;

private hospital means a private hospital under Part 10 of the *Health Care Act 2008* (including a private day procedure centre);

public hospital means an incorporated hospital under Part 5 of the *Health Care Act* 2008, including all services provided by a hospital (Local Health Network);

quarantine as directed is the requirement that for the period specified a person must reside and remain quarantined and segregated from other persons at a place, or place of a class, determined by an authorised officer or employee of the Department for Health and Wellbeing.

4—Direction

- (1) A person must not use—
 - (a) a point-of-care serological (blood) test (including an assay or device); or
 - (b) a point-of-care antigen based or nucleic acid based (upper or lower respiratory tract or oropharyngeal specimen) test (including an assay or device),

as a tool to detect or diagnose COVID-19.

- (2) Subclause (1) does not apply to a person employed or engaged in the provision of pathology services within SA Pathology or public health services within the Department of Health and Wellbeing.
- (3) Subclause (1)(b) does not apply to—
 - (a) a person employed or engaged in the provision of pathology services in a laboratory accredited by the National Association of Testing Authorities or similar testing service;
 - (b) a person engaging in work or performing duties which involves conducting point-of-care testing in permitted settings; or
 - (c) a service provider who has been approved in writing by the Chief Public Health Officer or their delegate to use point-of-care testing.
- (4) A person who returns a positive result to COVID-19 from a point-of-care test in accordance with subclause (3) must obtain a COVID-19 PCR test as soon as reasonably possible and quarantine as directed until a negative PCR test result is received.

5—Powers of Authorised Officers

Nothing in this direction derogates from the powers of authorised officers to exercise powers pursuant to the Act.

IMPORTANT—

FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THIS DIRECTION IS AN OFFENCE.

SIGNED at ADECALOE on this 10th day of December 2021

GRANTLEY STEVENS

STATE CO-ORDINATOR

