South Australia

Emergency Management (Supervised Quarantine No 11) (COVID-19) Direction 2021

under section 25 of the Emergency Management Act 2004

Preamble

- On 22 March 2020, Grantley Stevens, Commissioner of Police, being the State Coordinator for the State of South Australia pursuant to section 14 of the *Emergency Management Act 2004* (the *Act*), declared pursuant to section 23 of the Act that a Major Emergency is occurring in respect of the outbreak of the Human Disease named COVID-19 within South Australia.
- Now I, Grantley Stevens, Commissioner of Police and State Co-ordinator for the State of South Australia, being of the opinion that this is necessary to achieve the purposes of the Act, give the following directions pursuant to section 25 of the Act.

Part 1—Preliminary

1—Short title

This direction may be cited as the *Emergency Management (Supervised Quarantine No 11) (COVID-19) Direction 2021.*

2—Revocation

- (1) This direction replaces the Emergency Management (Supervised Quarantine No 10) (COVID-19) Direction 2020.
- (2) The Emergency Management (Supervised Quarantine No 10) (COVID-19) Direction 2020 is revoked.

3—Interpretation

In this direction—

airport site means any part of the land on which an airport is situated within South Australia;

authorised officer means an authorised officer under the Emergency Management Act 2004;

COVID-19 test means a nasal swab COVID-19 test or a saliva COVID-19 test;

Department means the Department of Health and Wellbeing (SA);

designated green zone means a clean zone at a medi-hotel or quarantine facility where PPE (other than a face mask) is not required;

designated orange zone means a zone at a medi-hotel or quarantine facility determined by an authorised officer (from time to time) to be a designated orange zone;

designated red zone means a zone at a hospital or healthcare facility, airport site, medi-hotel site, or quarantine facility site, determined by an authorised officer (from time to time) to be a designated red zone;

Note - Designated red zones are determined in accordance with where persons in quarantine or isolation for COVID-19 are present from time to time, with a view to maintaining a bio-secure corridor in which persons who come into contact with persons quarantining or isolating, or otherwise enter the designated red zone, are subject to testing, vaccination, and PPE requirements in accordance with this direction.

emergency means an event (whether occurring in the State, outside the State or in and outside the State) that causes, or threatens to cause—

- (a) the death of, or injury or other damage to the health of, any person; or
- (b) the destruction of, or damage to, any property; or
- (c) a disruption to essential services or to services usually enjoyed by the community; or
- (d) harm to the environment, or to flora or fauna.

emergency services worker includes fire fighters, paramedics, ambulance officers, medical retrieval personnel, police officers and State Emergency Service officers;

immediate family, of a person, means-

- (a) a spouse or domestic partner; or
- (b) a parent; or
- (c) a grandparent; or
- (d) a child (including an adult child); or
- (e) a grandchild (including an adult grandchild); or
- (f) a brother or sister,

and includes a person who is a member of the immediate family of the person's spouse or domestic partner;

medi-hotel means a hotel operating in South Australia that has contracted with the State Government to provide supervised quarantine accommodation;

medi-hotel site means any part of the land on which a medi-hotel is situated;

nasal swab COVID-19 test means a Polymerase Chain Reaction test to diagnose COVID-19 by means of a nasal pharyngeal swab;

overseas arrival means a person who arrives in South Australia from overseas by any means, including a person who arrives at an airport in South Australia on a flight that originated from a place outside Australia.

PPE means personal protective equipment;

prescribed authorised officer means the Chief Executive of the Department, the South Australian Chief Public Health Officer or a deputy Chief Public Health Officer;

quarantine facility means a hotel, resort, lodging, or other accommodation (but not a medi-hotel) operating in South Australia—

- (a) that has contracted with the State Government to provide supervised quarantine accommodation as a quarantine facility; or
- (b) that the Chief Public Health Officer has approved in writing to be a quarantine facility for the purpose of this direction and subject to any terms and conditions of that approval.

quarantine facility site means any part of the land on which a quarantine facility is situated;

quarantine facility unit means the accommodation and designated outdoor areas of a quarantine facility to which a person undertaking supervised quarantine at the quarantine facility is confined.

quarantining immediate family member, in relation to a person undertaking supervised quarantine in a medi-hotel room, means a member of the person's immediate family who is also undertaking supervised quarantine at the medi-hotel;

saliva COVID-19 test means a Polymerase Chain Reaction test to diagnose COVID-19 by means of a saliva swab;

spouse—a person is the spouse of another if they are legally married;

supervised home quarantine means quarantine specified in clause 8 of Emergency Management (Cross Border Travel—Associated Direction No 40) (COVID-19) Direction 2021 or any subsequent such direction;

supervised quarantine means quarantine by a person directed to enter, reside and remain at a supervised medi-hotel site or quarantine facility site by an authorised officer;

symptoms of COVID-19—a person has symptoms of COVID-19 if the person has any of the following symptoms:

- (a) cough;
- (b) sore throat;
- (c) shortness of breath;
- (d) runny nose;
- (e) fever or history of fever or chills;
- (f) acute loss of smell or taste;
- (g) headache;
- (h) muscle aches;
- (i) unexplained fatigue;

- (j) nausea;
- (k) vomiting;
- (1) diarrhoea.

Part 2—Testing requirements and compliance for employees and contractors

4—Application of Part

- (1) Subject to this clause, this Part applies to any person who:
 - (a) is physically present on a medi-hotel site or quarantine facility site for the purpose of performing work of any kind; or
 - (b) is physically present in a designated red zone at an airport site for the purpose of performing work associated with the processing of overseas or restricted zone arrivals or the processing and handling of the luggage of overseas or restricted zone arrivals; or
 - (c) is physically present in an airport site for the purpose of performing work associated with:
 - (i) the processing and handling of the luggage of designated red zone overseas or restricted zone arrivals; or
 - (ii) otherwise occurring within a location to which designated red zone overseas or restricted zone arrivals have access; or
 - (d) performs the work of transporting overseas or restricted zone arrivals at any time during the period of supervised quarantine of those persons.

Note-

This includes all employees and contractors of SA Police, SA Health, Australian Border Force, Australian Defence Force and all employees and contractors of the medi-hotel or quarantine facility operator, airline or airport operator.

- (2) This Part does not apply to a person delivering goods to a medi-hotel site or quarantine facility site or an emergency services worker attending a medi-hotel site or quarantine facility site in the conduct of their duties if—
 - (a) they are only physically present in a designated green zone for less than 30 minutes; and
 - (b) they have no contact during that time with any person undertaking a period of supervised quarantine on site.

Example—

A delivery driver dropping off goods to the medi-hotel site.

(3) To avoid doubt, this Part does not apply to a person directed to enter, reside and remain at a medi-hotel site or quarantine facility site in order to undertake a period of supervised quarantine.

5—Testing and symptoms of COVID-19

(1) A person to whom this Part applies must submit to a nasal swab COVID-19 test at least once every 8 calendar days, during the period commencing when the person is first physically present on the medi-hotel site, quarantine facility site or designated red zone at an airport site, or commences work transporting overseas or restricted zone arrivals, and ending 14 days after the person is last physically present on the medi-hotel site, quarantine facility site or designated red zone at an airport site, or ceases transporting overseas or restricted zone arrivals(as the case may be).

Example—

A person submits to a nasal swab COVID-19 test on 13 March 2021; they must submit to another nasal swab COVID-19 test by midnight on 20 March 2021; and then again by midnight on 27 March 2021 (even (for the avoidance of doubt) if they have not been on a medi-hotel site, quarantine facility site or designated red zone at an airport site in the 14 day period).

- (2) A person to whom this Part applies who is finishing a period of work at a medi-hotel site, quarantine facility site or designated red zone at an airport site, or transporting overseas or restricted zone arrivals, must submit to a nasal swab COVID-19 test
 - (a) on the last day of their period of employment (the day 1 test); and
 - (b) on the day that is 3 days after the person submits to the test referred to in paragraph (a) (the day 4 test); and
 - (c) on the day that is 6 days after the person submits to the test referred to in paragraph (b) (the day 10 test); and
 - (d) if the person will not be returning to work on the 15th day after the last day of their period of employment, on the day that is 4 days after the person submits to the test referred to in paragraph (c) (the day 14 test),

Note-

A nasal swab COVID-19 test under this subclause is capable of satisfying the requirement under sub-clause (1) for testing every 8 calendar days.

(3) A person finishes a period of work for the purposes of subclause (2) if they will not be physically present on the medi-hotel site, quarantine facility site or airport site for the purposes of work, or transporting overseas or restricted zone arrivals, for a period of more than 4 calendar days.

Example-

A person who works a shift at a medi-hotel site, quarantine facility site or airport site on 13 March 2021 and will not be working in the medi-hotel, quarantine facility site or airport site until 20 March 2021 (being more than 4 calendar days) will be required to test on 13 March 2021, 16 March 2021 and 22 March 2021. Because they will be returning to work less than 15 days after the last day of their period of employment, they will not be required to submit to the day 14 test which would otherwise fall on 26 March 2021. The person does not also have to test on 20 March 2021 (despite clause 5(1)).

- (4) A person referred to in clause 4(1)(a) or 4(1)(b) of this direction must submit to a saliva COVID-19 test on every day on which the person is physically present on the medi-hotel site, quarantine facility site or in the designated red zone at the airport site, or is transporting overseas or restricted zone arrivals.
- (5) A person does not need to submit to a saliva COVID-19 test under subclause (4) on a day when they submit to a nasal swab COVID-19 test under subclauses (1) or (2).

- (6) A person required to submit to a COVID-19 test under this clause must not refuse or fail to comply with a reasonable requirement or direction of a person in relation to the conduct of the COVID-19 test.
- (7) A person required to submit to a COVID-19 test under this clause must, upon request by an authorised officer, produce evidence that they have complied with subclauses (1) and (2).
- (8) If a person to whom this Part applies displays symptoms of COVID-19, the person must immediately notify SA Health of those symptoms.
- (9) If a person to whom this Part applies displays symptoms of COVID-19 and is directed by SA Health to submit to a COVID-19 test, the person must reside and remain, quarantined and segregated from other persons, pending confirmation of a negative result from that test.

Note-

A person to whom this Part applies who is awaiting a COVID-19 test result but does not display symptoms of COVID-19 is not required to self-quarantine pending confirmation of a negative result from that test.

6—Operator of medi-hotel site or quarantine facility site—Testing Compliance Plan

- (1) The operator of a hotel that is a medi-hotel site or quarantine facility site must adopt a Testing Compliance Plan that requires employees and contractors of the operator to notify the operator of their undertaking of a COVID-19 test pursuant to clause 5.
- (2) The operator of a hotel that is a medi-hotel site or quarantine facility site must—
 - (a) keep records of information given to them under this clause; and
 - (b) provide such records to an authorised officer on request; and
 - (c) upon becoming aware of an instance of non-compliance with clause 5 of this direction, urgently advise an authorised officer of that non-compliance.

Note-

This requirement is to assist with contact tracing if an identified case of COVID-19 is confirmed.

7—PPE to be worn in certain zones

A person to whom this Part applies must, while in a designated red zone at a medihotel, quarantine facility or airport site, or a designated orange zone at a medihotel or quarantine facility, or transporting overseas or restricted zone arrivals, must wear PPE in accordance with the policy of the Department relating to wearing PPE at medihotels, quarantine facilities or airports (as published by the Department from time to time).

Part 3—Vaccination requirements and compliance for persons performing specified work

8—Application of Part

- (1) Subject to this clause, this Part applies to any person who:
 - (a) is physically present in a designated red zone on an airport site, or designated red zone on a medi-hotel site, or designated orange zone or designated red zone of a quarantine facility site, for the purpose of performing work of any kind; or
 - (b) provides clinical care or support to an overseas arrival undertaking supervised quarantine; or
 - (c) provides clinical care or support to a person undertaking supervised quarantine at a medi-hotel or quarantine facility pursuant to a direction under the *Emergency Management (Isolation Following Diagnosis or Close Contact) Direction 2020*; or
 - (d) performs the work of transporting overseas or restricted zone arrivals at any time during the period of supervised quarantine of those persons.
- (2) This Part applies to a person performing the work described in clauses 8(1)(b) or (c) regardless of the location in which the work is carried out.

Note-

This includes, for example, a person providing clinical care or support to an overseas arrival at a public hospital while that person is undertaking supervised quarantine.

- (3) This Part applies to emergency services workers performing any of the work described in clause 8(1) in the ordinary course of their rostered duties, but does not apply to emergency services workers performing such work in response to an emergency.
- (4) A person must not engage in the work described in clause 8(1) unless the person has been vaccinated against COVID-19.
- (5) A person may engage in the work described in clause 8(1) if:
 - (a) prior to commencing the work, the person has received one dose of a TGA approved vaccine; and
 - (b) not later than 6 weeks after commencing the work, the person receives a second dose of the same TGA approved vaccine.

Part 4—Prohibitions applying to employees and contractors of medi-hotels and quarantine facilities

9—Employees and contractors not to be employed in high risk settings or high risk locations

(1) A person must not employ or engage another person (whether under a contract of employment or a contract for services) (an employee) to undertake work that will require the employee to be present at a high risk setting, if the employee has provided services to the operator of a medi-hotel or quarantine facility (whether under a contract of employment or a contract for services) within the last 14 days.

Note-

Employees of SA Police, SA Health, Australian Border Force, and the Australian Defence Force do not provide services to the operator of a medi-hotel: see the definition of services in subclause (4).

- (2) A person employed or engaged to undertake work that will require them to be present at a high risk setting must inform the person who employs or engages them of any additional employment that they engage in, and whether that employment is in a medihotel or quarantine facility.
- (3) A person must not undertake work that will require them to be present at a high risk setting (whether under a contract of employment or a contract for services) if that person has provided services to the operator of a medi-hotel or a quarantine facility (whether under a contract of employment or a contract for services) within the last 14 days.
- (4) In this clause—

high risk setting means—

- (a) a residential aged care facility as defined in the *Emergency Management* (Residential Aged Care Facilities No 29) (COVID-19) Direction 2021 or any direction replacing that direction from time to time;
- (b) a prison, correctional facility, training centre or other place of custody:
- (c) a facility for the provision of health care services of a type referred to in Sch 2, paragraph (a) of the *Emergency Management (Public Activities No 18)* (COVID-19) Direction 2021 or any direction replacing that direction from time to time;
- (d) a meatworks or meat processing facility; or
- (e) the land comprising an Aboriginal community described in Schedule 1; *services* at a medi-hotel or a quarantine facility includes front of house, cleaning and security.

Part 5—Regulation of persons undertaking supervised quarantine in medi-hotels and quarantine facilities

Note-

A direction under the *Emergency Management Act 2004* relating to cross border travel requires an overseas arrival to submit to COVID-19 testing within 24 hours of arrival and on the 5th, 13th, and 17th day after arrival.

Another direction under the *Emergency Management Act 2004* requires a person to remain isolated and segregated from other persons on being diagnosed with COVID-19.

10—Requirement to remain isolated in medi-hotel room or quarantine facility unit

- (1) A person undertaking supervised quarantine in a medi-hotel room or quarantine facility unit—
 - (a) must not leave the room or unit except in an emergency situation, which would include—
 - (i) a medical episode; or
 - (ii) a fire evacuation; or
 - (iii) as necessary for the purposes of maintenance to address a safety issue in the room; and
 - (b) must take reasonable steps to ensure that no other person enters the room unless that other person—
 - (i) is required for medical or emergency purposes; or
 - (ii) is a prescribed person.
- (2) Despite subclause (1), a person undertaking supervised quarantine in a medi-hotel room or quarantine facility unit—
 - (a) may leave the room or unit to enter a room of a quarantining immediate family member; and
 - (b) may allow a quarantining immediate family member to enter their room, only if—
 - (i) in the case of a medi hotel, the rooms are separated only by internally connecting doors;
 - (ii) in the case of a quarantine facility, the person travels in the most direct route from the unit to the quarantining immediate family member's unit.

Note-

The operator of a medi-hotel or quarantine facility unit must ensure, as far as is reasonably practicable, that immediate family members undertake supervised quarantine in the same room or unit or in the case of a medi hotel, in rooms that are accessible internally.

- (3) Without limiting a preceding provision, a person undertaking supervised quarantine in a medi-hotel room or quarantine facility unit must ensure that items are not shared with any other person undertaking supervised quarantine at the medi-hotel or quarantine facility unit (other than a quarantining immediate family member).
- (4) In this clause—

prescribed person means-

- (a) a person employed, engaged or otherwise authorised by the Department for the purposes of this paragraph; or
- (b) a police officer; or
- (c) a person employed or engaged by the medi-hotel or quarantine facility to provide services at the hotel or quarantine facility.

Note-

This includes front of house, cleaning and security.

11—Physical distancing principle applies

- (1) A person undertaking supervised quarantine in a medi-hotel room or quarantine facility unit must use their best endeavours (having regard to the all the circumstances) to maintain a distance of at least 1.5 metres from other people.
- (2) This clause does not apply to persons who are quarantining immediate family members.

12—Masks

- (1) Subject to this clause, a person undertaking supervised quarantine in a medi-hotel room or a quarantine facility unit must wear a face mask (covering mouth and nose) at all times when in the physical presence of another person, other than a quarantining person occupying the same room or unit or a quarantining immediate family member occupying a room separated only by internally connecting doors.
- (2) If an item (such as food) is delivered to the room or unit of a person undertaking supervised quarantine in a medi-hotel or a quarantine facility unit, the person must—
 - (a) wait for at least 3 minutes after the delivery occurs before opening the door to collect the item; and
 - (b) subject to this clause, wear a mask when collecting the item.
- (3) A prescribed authorised officer (or delegate) may exempt a person from the requirement to wear a mask under this clause—
 - (a) in the case of a person receiving a service from a service provider or carer who will be in the physical presence of the person—if satisfied that the wearing of a mask will hinder the provision of the relevant service or care or impact on the person's safety or wellbeing; or
 - (b) if the person has a relevant medical condition, including problems with their breathing, a serious condition of the face, a disability or a mental health condition; or

- (c) in circumstances where the ability to see the mouth is essential for communication, such as to enable communication by or with any person who is deaf or hard of hearing; or
- (d) if the person is under the age of 5 and reasonable efforts have been made to fit the person with a mask; or
- (e) for the purposes of a COVID-19 test.
- (4) The operator of a medi-hotel or a quarantine facility must provide a person undertaking supervised quarantine in the medi-hotel or quarantine facility with a sufficient number of masks to enable the person to comply with this direction.

13—Other requirements

- (1) A person undertaking supervised quarantine in a medi-hotel room or quarantine facility unit must not throw or otherwise project an item from a balcony or designated red zone.
- (2) A person undertaking supervised quarantine in a medi-hotel room or quarantine facility unit must not abuse, intimidate, threaten or harass a person providing services at the medi-hotel or quarantine facility.

14—Unaccompanied minors required to quarantine

(1) If an arrival who is required to undertake supervised quarantine in accordance with clause 10 for a period, or to remain quarantined and segregated from other persons at a place determined by an authorised officer for a period, is an unaccompanied minor under the age of 18, a carer must remain present with the minor and quarantined for that period.

Part 6 – Quarantine facilities

15—Requirements of operators of quarantine facilities—operations

(1) The operator of a quarantine facility must comply with the *COVID-19 Operational Requirements for Quarantine Facilities* published by the Department.

Note -

The COVID-19 Operational Requirements for Quarantine Facilities is published on the SA Health website: https://www.sahealth.sa.gov.au

- (2) The operator of a quarantine facility must adopt a Workforce Management Plan that—
 - requires employees, contractors and other workers of the quarantine facility to notify the operator of the quarantine facility of their additional place of employment (if relevant);
 - (b) requires employees, contractors and other workers of the quarantine facility to notify the operator of the quarantine facility of any COVID-19 vaccination they have received and provide evidence of such vaccination; and

(3) requires employees, contractors and other workers of the quarantine facility to notify the operator of the quarantine facility of completion of training in the use of PPE. The operator of a quarantine facility must comply with the requirements in clause 7 of the *Emergency Management (Activities—General No 3) (COVID-19) Direction 2021* as if the quarantine facility was a prescribed place for the purposes of that clause and they were the relevant person for that place.

Note -

Clause 7 requires the relevant person for a prescribed place to enable to use of the COVIDSAfeCheckIn app for the purpose of capturing relevant contact details of a person entering the place, including (where applicable) the use of a dedicated code provided by the State Government, and to provide a manual register in the event that a person is unable to check in via the app.

16—Requirements of operators of quarantine facilities—record keeping

- (1) Without derogating from any other clause, an operator of a quarantine facility must maintain records of—
 - (a) Notifications by employees, contractors and other workers of the quarantine facility of any additional place of employment given in accordance with the Workforce Management Plan under clause 15;
 - (b) The COVID-19 vaccination status of employees, contractors and other workers of a quarantine facility;
 - (c) Completion of COVID-19 infection control training by employees, contractors and other workers of the quarantine facility;
 - (d) COVID-19 testing undertaken in relation to persons undertaking quarantine at a quarantine facility and of persons who have been physically present at the quarantine facility in accordance with this direction;

Note -

An operator of a quarantine facility must also maintain records of testing of persons who are finishing or have finished a period of work at a quarantine facility in accordance with clause 5(2) of this Direction.

- (e) The Infection Control Plan for the quarantine facility; and
- (f) Staff records of employees, contractors and other workers including telephone numbers and email addresses (if relevant).

Note -

These requirements are to assist with contact tracing if an identified case of COVID-19 is confirmed.

(2) The records kept under subclause (1) must be made immediately available for inspection (on request) by an authorised officer or for contact tracing purposes.

17—Requirements of operators of quarantine facilities—audit and inspection

(1) An operator of a quarantine facility must permit and do all things necessary to facilitate an inspection of a quarantine facility by an authorised officer, whether announced or unannounced, at any time.

- (2) An operator of a quarantine facility must make available for inspection and provide copies of records it is required to make under this direction to an authorised officer on request.
- (3) An operator of a quarantine facility must comply with any directions of an authorised officer in relation to any aspect of the operations of the quarantine facility.

18—Requirements of operators of quarantine facilities—incident response

(1) An operator of a quarantine facility must operate and maintain an incident reporting and management system in accordance with the requirements published by the Department.

Note -

The COVID-19 Incident Reporting and Management System Requirements for Quarantine Facilities is published on the SA Health website: https://www.sahealth.sa.gov.au

- (2) An operator of a quarantine facility must immediately implement risk mitigation strategies to respond to an incident in accordance with the CDCB Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Breach Infection Control Risk Assessment Local Direction.
- (3) The operator of a quarantine facility must as soon as practicable after an incident has occurred, notify the SA Health Liaison Officer for the quarantine facility of the incident and the risk mitigation strategies immediately taken to respond to the incident, in addition to other reporting obligations
- (4) For the purpose of this clause an *incident* means—
 - (a) non-compliance of a requirement in this direction by a person quarantining at the quarantine facility;
 - (b) non-compliance of a requirement in this direction by a person who has been physically present at the quarantine facility site for the purpose of performing work of any kind;
 - (c) a breach of a requirement in the COVID-19 Requirements for Quarantine Facilities;
 - (d) a breach of any other operational requirements referred to in clause 15.

19—Testing of persons undertaking supervised quarantine at a quarantine facility

- (a) A person directed to undertake supervised quarantine at a quarantine facility must undergo the testing requirements in sub-clause (2) in substitution for the testing requirements imposed under clause 5(1) of the *Emergency Management (Cross Border Travel—General) (COVID-19) Direction 2021*.
- (b) A person undertaking supervised quarantine at a quarantine facility must submit to a nasal swab COVID-19 test
 - (a) on the first day of quarantine (the day 1 test); and
 - (b) on the fifth day of quarantine (the day 5 test); and
 - (c) on the 9th day of quarantine (the day 9 test); and
 - (d) on the 13th day of quarantine (the day 13 test); and

- (e) on the ^{17th} day after arrival (the day 17 test).
- (c) A person undertaking supervised quarantine at a quarantine facility must submit to a daily saliva COVID-19 test for the period of quarantine, other than on days the person has submitted to a nasal swab.

Part 7—Other matters

20—Exemptions

A prescribed authorised officer may, if satisfied that exceptional circumstances exist, exempt (conditionally or unconditionally) a person or class of persons from this direction or a provision of this direction.

21—Powers of authorised officers

Nothing in this direction derogates from the powers of authorised officers to exercise powers pursuant to the Act.

Important—

FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THIS DIRECTION IS AN OFFENCE.

GRANTLEY STEVENS
STATE CO-ORDINATOR

Schedule 1—Aboriginal communities

The land comprising the following Aboriginal communities is a high risk setting for the purposes of clause 8 of this direction:

- (a) the area described in Schedule 1 of the *Anangu Pitjantjatjara Yankunytjatjara Land Rights Act 1981* (SA) and known as the Anangu Pitjantjatjara Yankunytjatjara Lands;
- (b) the area on which the community known as the Davenport Community is located:
- (c) the area known as Nepabunna;
- (d) the area known as Iga Warta;
- (e) the area on which the community known as the Umoona Community is located;
- (f) the area known as Oodnadatta;
- (g) the area on which the community known as the Yalata Community is located;
- (h) the area known as Kooniba;
- (i) the area described in Schedule 1 of the *Maralinga Tjarutja Land Rights Act* 1984 (SA) and known as the Maralinga Tjarutja Lands;
- (j) the area on which the community known as the Gerard Community is located;
- (k) the area known as Raukkan, which is also known as Narrung and previously known as Point McLeay;
- (k) the area on which the community known as the Point Pearce Aboriginal Community is located.

